

THE CHELSEA HERALD, Established 1871.
THE CHELSEA STANDARD, Established 1899

THE NYAL QUALITY STORE

PRICE

We are continually proving to the drug and grocery buying public in this community that we are giving MOST for the money.

Rather do we prefer a small margin of profit and a large number of sales, than a large profit on a small number of sales.

In pricing our merchandise we add to our cost one small profit, thus allowing us to offer such attractive merchandise at such good prices.

IF YOU BUY IT IN OUR STORE—
YOU KNOW THE PRICE IS RIGHT

HENRY H. FENN COMPANY

Phone 53

Free Delivery

Better Value

Less Money

USE



FLOUR

"BEST BY TEST"

Patent
\$1.55
Per Sack

Bread Flour
\$1.60
Per Sack

OUR PART

YOUR BUSINESS AT THIS BANK ENTITLES YOU TO SUCH ASSISTANCE AT ALL TIMES AS IS CONSISTENT WITH SOUND BANKING PRACTICE.

Farmers & Merchants Bank

Haying and Harvest

Is with us and we are here with the dandy line of haying and harvesting tools.

The McCormick line of tools is the best that is made. They take the lead the world over. We have the MOWERS, the BINDERS, and the RAKES, now ready for you to take home, and we can give you the best of service.

We have the John Deere, Keystone and Clean Sweep Loaders and Side Rakes.

Everything in Summer Goods, also Paints and Oils and the best of White Lead.

PLUMBING AND TIN SHOP

HOLMES & WALKER

WE WILL ALWAYS TREAT YOU RIGHT.

Damaged by Lightning.

The electric storm Tuesday afternoon put the Chelsea plant of the Consumers' Power Co. out of commission for about three and a half hours. The first flash of lightning entered the power plant at about 12:20 and at 1 o'clock the lightning arresters on the outside of the plant at the west end of the building were burned. The porcelain standards at the top of the building where the high tension wires enter were partially melted. The entire line between Grass Lake and Chelsea was more or less affected. Messrs. Whittington and Slaybaugh, who have charge of the plant here, cut in direct feed wires and had the plant in readiness for service at about 3:45, and about that time a repairman arrived here from Jackson.

The Chelsea Screw Co. secures its power from the Chelsea power plant of the Consumers' Power Co. and they were obliged to shut down for the afternoon. The Michigan Portland Cement Co. at Four Mile Lake gets a portion of their power from the plant here and their service was cut off, as was also the Michigan Central pumping station at the track pan at the Bowen road.

Chelsea Boys at Camp Birkett.

That Camp Birkett at Silver Lake will have one of its biggest years this year is an assured fact now. Applications are being received rapidly at the Ann Arbor Y. M. C. A. from all over the county. All applications must be in before Saturday night. Work on the new camp lodge and club house is moving rapidly and enough progress has been made to assure the fact that it will be completed before camping time.

The boys from Chelsea who are enrolled to go are Welton and Kieth Mayett, Percy Brooks, Fred Hall, Paul Ward and Edward Watkins. It is thought that several others will put in applications before the end of the week.

Camp Birkett is an organized camp for all Washtenaw county boys, 12 to 17 years of age. The dates are July 31 to August 10. Information may be obtained of E. P. Steiner, Chelsea, or the Ann Arbor Y. M. C. A.

Pomona Grange Picnic.

The next meeting of Pomona Grange will be with Eureka Grange at the Lyndon town hall on Saturday, July 21. A picnic dinner at noon will be a feature. The program follows:

Business meeting at 10:30 a. m.
Picnic dinner at noon.
Canning demonstration by speaker from M. A. C.
Song.
Recitation—Miss Clara Hiemen-schneider.
Address—Miss Jennie Buell.
Music—Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Hodge.
Paper—Mrs. J. M. Spaulding.
My Favorite Poems—Mrs. Belle Scotney.
Solo—Franklin Jewell.
The County Agent System—E. R. Twist.
Patriotic drill.
Closing song.
An invitation is extended to all who are interested in the Grange and agriculture.

Sharon Young Man Cleared.

Chief Deputy Sheriff William Esslinger Friday received advice from J. Herbert Cole, special U. S. agent for the department of justice, located at Detroit, that Louis Alber, Sharon young man, should be regarded as exempt from registry or the draft, because his age was 31 years in May last. County draft officials have had a great deal of correspondence on the matter and were informed that the affidavit of Alber's mother was sufficient to clear the young man. He has maintained all along he was too old for the draft.

The department of justice officials requested county authorities to make the decision in Alber's case public.

Announcements.

Regular meeting of The Maccabees on Friday evening of this week.

There will be work in the second degree at Masonic hall next Tuesday evening.

Brookside Chapter of the Congregational church will meet with Mrs. Wm. Wolf, Wednesday afternoon, July 25.

A regular meeting of Columbian Hive, No. 284, L. O. T. M., will be held Tuesday, July 24. All Lady Maccabees are requested to be present.

There will be an ice cream social at the home of W. S. Plemeier, on Friday evening, July 27. The social is given by the Young People's Society of St. Paul's church. Everybody welcome.

WASHTENAW COUNTY TO FURNISH 671 MEN

Of This Number 380 are Subject to the Draft—Drawing Will be Held Friday.

Washtenaw county must furnish 671 men for the United States army, according to advices sent out from Lansing. There have been 291 enlistments in the county, which will make the number subject to draft 380.

The drawing of numbers for the selective army will take place at 10 o'clock Friday morning in the capitol building at Washington.

Chief Deputy Sheriff Wm. Esslinger has received notice of an additional rule to be observed by the county draft board. It reads:

"On the day any person is called by a local board, notice thereof in the form of a list of persons called shall be posted in a place accessible to the public in the office of the board and shall be given to the press with a request for publication. Notice thereof shall also on the same day be mailed by the clerk of such local board to each such person so called, directed to the address on his registration card or to any change of address filed therewith, and either the posting of notice at the office of the board or the mailing of notice as herein provided shall constitute the giving of notice and shall charge such person with the duty of presenting himself as herein-after provided. Each such posted list and mailed notice shall contain a direction to appear for physical examination as required by section 16 hereof, at a time and place fixed and stated in such notice."

Selective Draft Numbers.

The following are the draft numbers for the townships of Freedom, Sharon and Dexter.

FREEDOM.

- 3993 Albert, Otto P.
- 3994 Altenbernt, Ernest.
- 3995 Amb, Henry.
- 3996 Bahnmiller, Martin G.
- 3997 Bahnmiller, Oscar A.
- 3998 Bahnmiller, Walter E.
- 3999 Berke, Elmer E.
- 4000 Benerle, Walter R.
- 4001 Benerle, Clarence W.
- 4002 Bollinger, Emanuel.
- 4003 Burns, John H.
- 4004 Davenport, Ray.
- 4005 Dettling, John W.
- 4006 Dettling, Roy.
- 4007 Dettling, Russell G.
- 4008 Dettling, Elmer J.
- 4009 Dietle, Clarence F.
- 4010 Eisele, Elmer H.
- 4011 Ernst, Christian F.
- 4012 Eschebach, Leone G.
- 4013 Esch, Gustav H.
- 4014 Fochl, Jacob.
- 4015 Fritz, William P.
- 4016 Gephardt, Albert.
- 4017 Grau, Arthur W.
- 4018 Haab, Emanuel A.
- 4019 Haab, Samuel A.
- 4020 Haessler, Julius G.
- 4021 Hasefuss, Jacob J.
- 4022 Hass, Emanuel J.
- 4023 Haas, Berthold C.
- 4024 Haab, Julius W.
- 4025 Haessler, Oscar.
- 4026 Heinrich, Albert.
- 4027 Heiber, Ernest O.
- 4028 Heiber, Robert H.
- 4029 Heiber, Richard.
- 4030 Heiber, Arthur A.
- 4031 Hohenberger, Lawrence.
- 4032 Huber, John E.
- 4033 Hitzel, Herman.
- 4034 Jedele, Otto.
- 4035 Kalmbach, Albert.
- 4036 Knowase, George.
- 4037 Klump, Matthew.
- 4038 Koethe, Roland E.
- 4039 Koebbe, George E.
- 4040 Koengeter, Wilber C.
- 4041 Kuebier, William F.
- 4042 Kuebier, Christ G.
- 4043 Kuebier, Paul.
- 4044 Luckhardt, Walter H.
- 4045 Lutz, Alfred N.
- 4046 Mann, Ralph G.
- 4047 Niehaus, Alvin F.
- 4048 Reinold, Alfred E.
- 4049 Reno, William J.
- 4050 Roller, Harold F.
- 4051 Schneider, Theodore W.
- 4052 Scherdt, Robert.
- 4053 Schiller, Robert C.
- 4054 Schaille, Rodolph A.
- 4055 Schenk, Lee F.
- 4056 Schenke, Robert.
- 4057 Schmeier, Rodolph.
- 4058 Scherdt, Ernest G.
- 4059 Sheldon, Clark D.
- 4060 Sott, Reuben W.
- 4061 Stabler, Reuben T.
- 4062 Strieter, William F.
- 4063 Stabler, Oscar J.
- 4064 Stolsteimer, Emanuel C.
- 4065 Schaible, Ernest.
- 4066 Stolsteimer, Alvin G.
- 4067 Trub, Theodore H.
- 4068 Traub, Edward.
- 4069 Uphaus, Floyd F.
- 4070 Uphaus, Ernest H.
- 4071 Uphaus, Arthur.

DEXTER.

- 4365 Bell, Stanley L.
- 4366 Bird, Albert W.
- 4367 Boettger, Karl A.
- 4368 Burch, William B.
- 4369 Carpenter, Lindell L.
- 4370 Clark, Paul E.
- 4371 Cordell, James H.
- 4372 Dixon, Clarence R.
- 4373 Dood, Bernard J.
- 4374 Dixon, William B.
- 4375 Dieseroth, Ralph H.

- 4376 Donner, Charles A.
- 4377 Donner, William F.
- 4378 Duda, Ignatius.
- 4379 Gauss, Robert J.
- 4380 Hayes, Raymond L.
- 4381 Hankerd, William L.
- 4382 Hatfield, Hector S.
- 4383 Hall Howard E.
- 4384 Hadley, Ray.
- 4385 Hopkins, Evi L.
- 4386 Howard, Casper E.
- 4387 Hudson, Herbert E.
- 4388 Huffins, William.
- 4389 Howard, Frank W.
- 4390 Howard, Jay J.
- 4391 Howard, Roy J.
- 4392 Johnson, Harvey W.
- 4393 Lindemann, Reuben E.
- 4394 Lutzer, Fred C.
- 4395 Ledgewidge, William H.
- 4396 Lesser, John S.
- 4397 Lesser, Alvin W.
- 4398 Ledgewidge, John C.
- 4399 Lesser, Ezra A.
- 4400 Martin, Frank A.
- 4401 Pratt, John E.
- 4402 Pratt, Otmar H.
- 4403 Reade, Emory L.
- 4404 Reilly, Daniel E.
- 4405 Riker, Dahne A.
- 4406 Schairer, Alfred A.
- 4407 Schiller, Edward E.
- 4408 Sherwin, Louis D.
- 4409 VanHofe, William.
- 4410 Waits, Floyd E.
- 4411 Walsh, Wallace.
- 4412 Wetzel, Fred L.
- 4413 Wetzel, Roy E.
- 4414 Wheeler, Justin E.
- 4415 Wheeler, Ray D.
- 4416 Welty, John.

SHARON.

- 3623 Bahnmiller, Albert G.
- 3624 Bahnmiller, C. G.
- 3625 Bauer, Edward L.
- 3626 Bauer, Walter P.
- 3627 Blumenauer, Theodore C.
- 3628 Brand, Hiram M.
- 3629 Breitenweischer, Aaron H.
- 3630 Bruns, August J.
- 3631 Bruns, Otto L.
- 3632 Buss, Charles P.
- 3633 Buss, Oscar O.
- 3634 Buss Reuben B.
- 3635 Costerline, Andrew R.
- 3636 Cattell, Clifford L.
- 3637 Chartrand, Stephen J.
- 3638 Curtis, Amos C.
- 3639 Curtis, William T.
- 3640 Eisele, Julius L.
- 3641 Feldkamp, Albert A.
- 3642 Feldkamp, Anton T.
- 3643 Feldkamp, Herbert J.
- 3644 Feldkamp, Herbert L.
- 3645 Feldkamp, Reuben H.
- 3646 Freer, William E.
- 3647 Fredrick, Ray.
- 3648 Frey, Julius M.
- 3649 Frey, Michael J.
- 3650 Frey, William F.
- 3651 Forner, Leo P.
- 3652 Gardner, Albert E.
- 3653 Gieske, Clyde G.
- 3654 Hashley, Jacob H.
- 3655 Heselshwerdt, John M.
- 3656 Heselshwerdt, Lewis E.
- 3657 Heselshwerdt, Ray A.
- 3658 Herman, Albert G.
- 3659 Huesman, Clarence H.
- 3660 Jacob, Emil A.
- 3661 Klose, Clarence L.
- 3662 Kulenkamp, Otto M.
- 3663 Landwehr, Herman P.
- 3664 Lammon, Harry B.
- 3665 Lutz, Walter.
- 3666 Mayer, Otto E.
- 3667 Middlemiss, George H.
- 3668 Middlemiss, Russell J.
- 3669 Mount, Arthur H.
- 3670 McClure, Orvel E.
- 3671 Schaffer, George.
- 3672 Schaffer, Joseph.
- 3673 Schaille, John A.
- 3674 Schiller, Elmer F.
- 3675 Smith, Mahlon A.
- 3676 Smith, Clinton D.
- 3677 Smyth, George H.
- 3678 Troz, Arthur H.
- 3679 Troz, Elmer J.
- 3680 Troz, Sidney J.
- 3681 Uphaus, Fred L.
- 3682 Voegeding, Clarence B.
- 3683 Wacker, Arthur.
- 3684 Wahr, Albert F.
- 3685 Wahr, Ernest J.
- 3686 Wahr, George M.
- 3687 Wahr, Oscar H.
- 3688 Walter, Alfred F.
- 3689 Widmayer, Roy P.
- 3690 Widmayer, W. G.
- 3691 Wellhoff, Albert T.

State Horticultural Society.

The mid-summer meeting of the Michigan State Horticultural Society will be held at Adrian, Wednesday and Thursday, August 8 and 9, 1917.

The meeting is in conjunction with the Lenawee County Horticultural Society and the Adrian Chamber of Commerce. The two associations have assured a most hearty welcome and urge everyone to attend this gathering and enjoy a little outing before the rush of the fruit harvest.

The State Society has arranged for an informal program, and an auto tour will be made of the territory surrounding Adrian, followed by a banquet. Everyone is most welcome at these meetings and all should avail themselves of the opportunity to see one of the garden spots of Michigan.

For information, address Chamber of Commerce or N. D. Chew, secretary Lenawee Co. Horticultural Society, Adrian, or Robt. A. Snythe, secretary Michigan State Horticultural Society, Benton Harbor, Mich.

ANN ARBOR—Ann Arbor will enter into a contract with a Huntington, Ind., company for the erection of a garbage incinerator and garbage collection system. The tentative contract has been accepted, subject to certain minor changes and ratification by the city attorney. The contract calls for the erection of an incinerator sufficiently large to burn the entire collection of the city garbage for \$6,000 a year. The plant will be in operation within 90 days after the contract is signed.

It Will Pay You

TO BUY YOUR GROCERIES HERE, AS WE CARRY THE LARGEST STOCK AND CAN SAVE YOU MONEY.

For Friday and Saturday We Will Sell:

- | | |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| Three Pkgs. Noodles... 25c | 25-Pound Sack Cane Sugar..... \$2.25 |
| Three Pkgs. Macaroni... 25c | The Famous Red Band Blend Coffee, pound... 33c |
| Five Cakes White Soap... 25c | One Pound 60c Value Tea..... 50c |
| Can Ripe Olives..... 15c | Three Pkgs. Monarch Corn Flakes..... 25c |
| Large Pkg. Rolled Oats... 25c | One Brand of Cigars..... 8 for 25c |
| Three Cans Kitchen Kleanser..... 13c | |
| Three Boxes Tooth Picks... 10c | |

Mimico Flour, per sack, \$1.60

Don't Forget to Visit Our Basement

Large assortments in all lines. The price of Granite Ware is constantly increasing, but being "on the job" we bought an assortment which consists of Berlin Kettles, Preserving Kettles, Dish Pans, Rice Boilers and Water Pails, which are on sale at 43c, 49c and 59c each. We know that the same cannot be duplicated anywhere for these prices, so do not miss this sale.

WITH EVERY DOLLAR PURCHASE WE WILL SELL A LARGE SPLINT CLOTHES BASKET FOR..... 10c

All goods delivered within the village limits free of charge.

FREEMAN & RUNCIMAN

Chelsea Hardware Co.

EVERYTHING
IN
HARDWARE
AND
FURNITURE

Chelsea Hardware Co.

WE Are Here to Serve YOU.

ARCHIE B. CLARK, Pres. H. R. SCHOENHALS, Vice Pres. J. B. COLE, Sec.

SUMMER GOODS

WE OFFER

SIMMONS BLUE ENAMEL OIL STOVES—The Stove that is Hotter, Quicker and Cleaner. Also Oil Stove Ovens, all sizes and styles.

REFRIGERATORS—Galvanized and Enameled Lined in all sizes.

HAMMOCKS—A good assortment at very reasonable prices.

CROQUET SETS—All grades and prices.

LAWN HOSE and Sprinkler, Nozzles and Couplings.

SWEAT PADS—A few "Deer Hair" left. Fly Nets and Blankets.

REMEMBER—Our Furniture Department includes a complete line of all kinds of Furniture.

A slightly used set of Canvas for McCormick Binder at a Bargain Price.

PHONE 66-W HINDELANG & FAHRNER

HEART OF THE SUNSET

By Rex Beach

Copyright by Harper & Brothers

CHAPTER XIX.—Continued.

Blaze took the speaker by the shoulder and faced him about. "Look here," said he, "I'm beginning to get wise to you. I believe you're the man in the case."

"You? Why, Dave, you can't get through. This is a job for the soldiers."

"But Dave hardly seemed to hear him. "You must start things moving at once," he said, urgently. "Spread the news, get the story into the papers, notify the authorities. Get every influence at work, from here to headquarters; get your senator and the governor of the state at work. Eisenhower will help you. And now give me your last dollar."

Blaze emptied his pockets, shaking his shaggy head while. "La Feria is a hundred and fifty miles in," he demonstrated.

"By rail from Pueblo, yes. But it's barely a hundred, straight from here."

"You ain't got a chance, single-handed. You're crazy to try it."

Dave turned a sick, colorless face to his friend. "They'll carve a stone for Longorio if I do get through."

He called to Montross, and the mare came to him, holding her head to one side so as not to tread upon her dragging reins.

"I'm most tempted to go with you," Blaze stammered uncertainly.

"No. Somebody has to stay here and stir things up. If we had twenty men like you we might cut our way to and out, but there's no time to organize, and, anyhow, the government would probably stop us. I've got a hunch that I'll make it. If I don't—why, it's all right."

The two men shook hands huggingly, awkwardly; then Blaze managed to wish his friend luck. "If you don't come back," he said, with a peculiar catch in his voice, "I reckon there's enough good Texans left to follow your trail. I'll sure look forward to it."

Dave took the river bank to Sangre de Cristo, where, by means of the dilapidated ferry, he gained the Mexican side. Once across, he rode straight up toward the village of Romero. When challenged by an undersized soldier he merely spurred Montross forward, eyeing the sentry so grimly that the man did no more than finger his rifle uncertainly, cursing under his breath the overbearing airs of all gringos. Nor did the rider trouble to make the slightest detour, but entered the full length of Romero's dusty street, the target of more than one pair of hostile eyes. To those who saw him, soldiers and civilians alike, it was evident that this stranger had business, and no one felt called upon to question its nature. There are men who carry an air more potent than a bodyguard, and Dave Law was one of these. Before the village had thoroughly awakened to his coming he was gone, without a glance to the right or left, without a word to anyone.

When Romero was at his back he rode for a mile or two through a region of tiny scattered farms and neglected garden patches, after which he came out into the mesquite. For all the signs he saw, he might then have been in the heart of a foreign country. Mexico had swallowed him.

As the afternoon heat subsided, Montross let herself out into a freer gait and began to cover the distance rapidly, heading due west through a land of cactus and dagger, of thorn and barb and bramble.

The roads were unfenced, the meadows desolate; the huts were frequently untenanted. Ahead the sky burned splendidly, and the sunset grew more brilliant, more dazzling, until it glorified the whole mean, thirsty, criered countryside.

Dave's eyes were set upon that riot of blazing colors, but for the time it failed to thrill him. In that welter of changing hues and flits he saw only red. Red! That was the color of blood; it stood for passion, lust, violence; and it was a fitting badge of color for this land of revolutions and alarms. At first he saw little else—except the hint of black despair to follow. But there was gold in the sunset, too—the yellow gold of ransom! That was Mexico—red and yellow, blood and gold, lust and license. Once the rider's fancy began to work in this fashion, it would not rest, and as the sunset grew in splendor he found in it richer meanings. Red was the color of a woman's lips—yes, and a woman's hair. The deepening blue of the high sky overhead was the hue of a certain woman's eyes. A warm, soft breeze out of the west beat into his face, and he remembered how warm and soft Alaire's breath had been upon his cheek.

The woman of his desires was under, where those colors warred, and she was mantled in red and gold and purple for his coming. The thought around him; he felt only a throbbing eagerness to see her and to take her in his arms once more before the end.

With his head high and his face agleam, he rode into the west, into the heart of the sunset.

CHAPTER XX.

La Feria.

"What's this I hear about war?" Dolores inquired of her mistress, a few days after their arrival at La Feria. "They tell me that Mexico is invaded and that the American soldiers have already killed more than a thousand women and children."

"Who tells you this?" Alaire asked. "The men—everybody." Dolores waved a hand in the direction of the other ranch buildings. "Our people are buzzing like bees with the news, and, of course, no one cares to work when the Americans are coming."

"I shall have to put an end to such talk."

"This morning the word came that the revolution is ended and that the soldiers of both parties are uniting to fight for their liberties. They say the gringos are killing all the old people—everyone, in fact, except the girls, whom they take with them. Already they have begun the most horrible practices. Why, at Espinal—Dolores' eyes were round—"would you believe it!—those Yankee soldiers ate a baby! They roasted the little dear like a cabrito and ate it! I tell you, it makes wild talk among the peladros."

"Do you believe such stories?" Alaire inquired, with some amusement.

"Um—no altogether. But, all the same, I think it is time we were going home."

"This is home, for me, Dolores."

"Yes, but now that war—"

"There isn't any war, and there won't be any. However, if you are nervous I'll send you back to Las Palmas at once."

"Glory of God! It would be the end of me. These Mexicans would recognize me instantly as an American, for I have the appearance and the culture. You can imagine what would happen to me. They would tear me from the train. It was nothing except General Longorio's soldiers that brought us safely through from Nuevo Pueblo."

"Then I'm glad that he insisted upon sending them with us. Now tell the ranch-hands to put no faith in these ridiculous stories. If they wish the truth let them ask General Longorio; he will be here today and quiet their fears."

"You think he intends to pay us for our cattle?"

"Yes."

Dolores pondered a moment. "Well, perhaps he does—it is not his money. For that matter, he would give all Mexico if you asked it. Tse! His love consumes him like a fever."

Alaire stirred uneasily; then she rose and went to an open window, which looked out into the tiny patio with its trickling fountain and its rank, untended plants. "Why do you insist

on sending them with us. Now tell the ranch-hands to put no faith in these ridiculous stories. If they wish the truth let them ask General Longorio; he will be here today and quiet their fears."

"You think he intends to pay us for our cattle?"

"Yes."

Dolores pondered a moment. "Well, perhaps he does—it is not his money. For that matter, he would give all Mexico if you asked it. Tse! His love consumes him like a fever."

Alaire stirred uneasily; then she rose and went to an open window, which looked out into the tiny patio with its trickling fountain and its rank, untended plants. "Why do you insist

on sending them with us. Now tell the ranch-hands to put no faith in these ridiculous stories. If they wish the truth let them ask General Longorio; he will be here today and quiet their fears."

"You think he intends to pay us for our cattle?"

"Yes."

Dolores pondered a moment. "Well, perhaps he does—it is not his money. For that matter, he would give all Mexico if you asked it. Tse! His love consumes him like a fever."

a thousand things to tell you, things of the greatest importance. They have been upon my tongue for hours, but now that I behold you I grow drunk with delight and my lips frame nothing but words of admiration for your beauty. So! I feast my eyes." He retained his warm clasp of her fingers, seeming to envelop her uncomfortably with his ardor.

"What is it you have to tell me?" she asked him, withdrawing her hand.

"Well, I hardly know where to begin—events have moved so swiftly, and such incredible things have happened. Even now I am in a daze, for history is being made every hour—history for Mexico, for you, and for me. I bring you good news and bad news; something to startle you and set your brain in a whirl. I planned to send a messenger ahead of me, and then I said: 'No, this is a crisis; therefore no tongue but mine shall apprise her. Only a coward shrinks from the unpleasant; I shall lighten her distress and awaken in her breast new hope, new happiness—'

"What do you mean?" Alaire inquired, sharply. "You say you bring bad news?"

The general nodded. "In a way, terrible, shocking! And yet I look beyond the immediate and see in it a blessing. So must you. To me it spells the promise of my unspoken longings, my whispered prayers." Noting his hearer's growing bewilderment, he laid a hand familiarly upon her arm. "No matter how I tell you, it will be a blow, for death is always sudden; it always finds us unprepared."

"Death? Who—is dead?"

"Restrain yourself. Allow for my clumsiness."

"Who? Please tell me!"

"Someone very close to you and very dear to you at one time. My knowledge of your long unhappiness alone gives me courage to speak."

Alaire raised her fluttering fingers to her throat; her eyes were wide as she said: "You don't mean—Mr. Austin?"

"Yes." Longorio scrutinized her closely, as if to measure the effect of his disclosure. "Senora, you are free!"

Alaire uttered a breathless exclamation; then, feeling his gaze burning into her, turned away, but not before he had noted her sudden pallor, the blanching of her lips.

This unexpected announcement dazed her; it scattered her thoughts and robbed her of words, but just what her dominant emotion was at the moment she could not tell. Once her first giddiness had passed, however, once the truth had borne in upon her, she found that she felt no keen anguish, and certainly no impulse to weep. Rather she experienced a vague horror, such as the death of an acquaintance or of a familiar relative might evoke. Ed had been anything but a true husband, and her feeling now was more for the memory of the man he had been, for the boy she had known and loved, than for the man whose name she bore.

So he was gone and, Longorio said, she was free. It meant much. She realized dimly that in this one moment her whole life had changed. She had never thought of this way out of her embarrassments; she had been prepared, in fact, for anything except this. Death! It was deplorable, for Ed was young. Once the first shock had passed away, she became conscious of a deep pity for the man, and a complete forgiveness for the misery he had caused her. After a time she faced the news-bearer, and in a strained voice inquired:

"How did it happen? Was it—because of me?"

"No, no! Rest your mind on that score. See! I understand your concern and I share your intimate thoughts. No, it was an accident, ordained by God. His end was the result of his own folly, a gunshot wound while he was drunk, I believe. Now you will understand why I said that I bore tidings both good and evil, and why I, of all people, should be the one to impart them."

Alaire turned questioning eyes upon him, as if to fathom his meaning, and he answered her with his brilliant smile. Failing to evoke a response, he went on:

"Ever since I heard of it I have repeated over and over again, 'It is a miracle; it is the will of God.' Come, then, we know each other so well that we may speak frankly. Let us be honest and pretend to no counterfeited emotions. Let us recognize in this only your deliverance and the certainty of that blessed happiness which divine providence offers us both."

"Both?" she repeated, dully.

"Need I be plain? You know my heart. You have read me. You understand how I have throttled my longings and remained mute while all my being called to you."

Alaire withdrew a step, and her cheeks colored with anger. "General!" she exclaimed, with some difficulty, "I am amazed. This is no time—"

Her indignation rose with the sound of her own voice, causing her to stammer. Taking advantage of her loss of

words, he hurried on: "You must pardon my impetuosity, but I am a man of tremendous force, and my life moves swiftly. I am not shackled by conventions—they are less than nothing to me. If it seems to you that my eagerness carries me away, remember that war is upon us and that affairs of moment press me so that I am compelled to move like the lightning. With me, senora, a day is a year. The past is gone, the present is here, the future rushes forward to meet us."

"Indeed, you forget yourself," she said, warily. Then, changing her tone: "I too must act quickly. I must go back at once."

"Oh, but I have told you only a part of what I came to say."

"Surely the rest can wait." Her voice was vibrant with contempt. "I'm

words, he hurried on: "You must pardon my impetuosity, but I am a man of tremendous force, and my life moves swiftly. I am not shackled by conventions—they are less than nothing to me. If it seems to you that my eagerness carries me away, remember that war is upon us and that affairs of moment press me so that I am compelled to move like the lightning. With me, senora, a day is a year. The past is gone, the present is here, the future rushes forward to meet us."

"Indeed, you forget yourself," she said, warily. Then, changing her tone: "I too must act quickly. I must go back at once."

"Oh, but I have told you only a part of what I came to say."

"Surely the rest can wait." Her voice was vibrant with contempt. "I'm

words, he hurried on: "You must pardon my impetuosity, but I am a man of tremendous force, and my life moves swiftly. I am not shackled by conventions—they are less than nothing to me. If it seems to you that my eagerness carries me away, remember that war is upon us and that affairs of moment press me so that I am compelled to move like the lightning. With me, senora, a day is a year. The past is gone, the present is here, the future rushes forward to meet us."

"Indeed, you forget yourself," she said, warily. Then, changing her tone: "I too must act quickly. I must go back at once."

"Oh, but I have told you only a part of what I came to say."

"Surely the rest can wait." Her voice was vibrant with contempt. "I'm

words, he hurried on: "You must pardon my impetuosity, but I am a man of tremendous force, and my life moves swiftly. I am not shackled by conventions—they are less than nothing to me. If it seems to you that my eagerness carries me away, remember that war is upon us and that affairs of moment press me so that I am compelled to move like the lightning. With me, senora, a day is a year. The past is gone, the present is here, the future rushes forward to meet us."

"Indeed, you forget yourself," she said, warily. Then, changing her tone: "I too must act quickly. I must go back at once."

"Oh, but I have told you only a part of what I came to say."

"Surely the rest can wait." Her voice was vibrant with contempt. "I'm

words, he hurried on: "You must pardon my impetuosity, but I am a man of tremendous force, and my life moves swiftly. I am not shackled by conventions—they are less than nothing to me. If it seems to you that my eagerness carries me away, remember that war is upon us and that affairs of moment press me so that I am compelled to move like the lightning. With me, senora, a day is a year. The past is gone, the present is here, the future rushes forward to meet us."

"Indeed, you forget yourself," she said, warily. Then, changing her tone: "I too must act quickly. I must go back at once."

"Oh, but I have told you only a part of what I came to say."

"Surely the rest can wait." Her voice was vibrant with contempt. "I'm

words, he hurried on: "You must pardon my impetuosity, but I am a man of tremendous force, and my life moves swiftly. I am not shackled by conventions—they are less than nothing to me. If it seems to you that my eagerness carries me away, remember that war is upon us and that affairs of moment press me so that I am compelled to move like the lightning. With me, senora, a day is a year. The past is gone, the present is here, the future rushes forward to meet us."

"Indeed, you forget yourself," she said, warily. Then, changing her tone: "I too must act quickly. I must go back at once."

"Oh, but I have told you only a part of what I came to say."

"Surely the rest can wait." Her voice was vibrant with contempt. "I'm

words, he hurried on: "You must pardon my impetuosity, but I am a man of tremendous force, and my life moves swiftly. I am not shackled by conventions—they are less than nothing to me. If it seems to you that my eagerness carries me away, remember that war is upon us and that affairs of moment press me so that I am compelled to move like the lightning. With me, senora, a day is a year. The past is gone, the present is here, the future rushes forward to meet us."

"Indeed, you forget yourself," she said, warily. Then, changing her tone: "I too must act quickly. I must go back at once."

"Oh, but I have told you only a part of what I came to say."

"Surely the rest can wait." Her voice was vibrant with contempt. "I'm

words, he hurried on: "You must pardon my impetuosity, but I am a man of tremendous force, and my life moves swiftly. I am not shackled by conventions—they are less than nothing to me. If it seems to you that my eagerness carries me away, remember that war is upon us and that affairs of moment press me so that I am compelled to move like the lightning. With me, senora, a day is a year. The past is gone, the present is here, the future rushes forward to meet us."

"Indeed, you forget yourself," she said, warily. Then, changing her tone: "I too must act quickly. I must go back at once."

"Oh, but I have told you only a part of what I came to say."

"Surely the rest can wait." Her voice was vibrant with contempt. "I'm

words, he hurried on: "You must pardon my impetuosity, but I am a man of tremendous force, and my life moves swiftly. I am not shackled by conventions—they are less than nothing to me. If it seems to you that my eagerness carries me away, remember that war is upon us and that affairs of moment press me so that I am compelled to move like the lightning. With me, senora, a day is a year. The past is gone, the present is here, the future rushes forward to meet us."

"Indeed, you forget yourself," she said, warily. Then, changing her tone: "I too must act quickly. I must go back at once."

"Oh, but I have told you only a part of what I came to say."

"Surely the rest can wait." Her voice was vibrant with contempt. "I'm

words, he hurried on: "You must pardon my impetuosity, but I am a man of tremendous force, and my life moves swiftly. I am not shackled by conventions—they are less than nothing to me. If it seems to you that my eagerness carries me away, remember that war is upon us and that affairs of moment press me so that I am compelled to move like the lightning. With me, senora, a day is a year. The past is gone, the present is here, the future rushes forward to meet us."

"Indeed, you forget yourself," she said, warily. Then, changing her tone: "I too must act quickly. I must go back at once."

"Oh, but I have told you only a part of what I came to say."

"Surely the rest can wait." Her voice was vibrant with contempt. "I'm

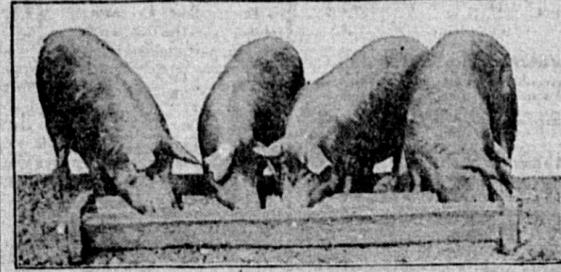
INSECT PESTS ARE BANE TO PORKERS

Must Be Controlled to Make Pigs Profitable.

WORMS ARE WORST ENEMY

May Be Curbed, However, by Employment of Proper Precautions and Use of Tonics.

By PROF. GEORGE A. BROWN, Dept. of Beef Husbandry, M. A. C., East Lansing, Mich.—Between labor shortages and the high cost of farm hands—and a few "minor" factors like top-notch feed prices—many a pork raiser today has been hard put to make both ends meet. In fact, there never was a time when the ends have seemed so far apart as they do now.



PROFIT IN PIGS LIKE THESE. Animals Must Be More Than Ever Guarded Against Pests This Season, However, to Make Them Pay for Themselves.

In the light of these conditions, the man who raises hogs for a living will find it to his advantage to adopt the methods of the manufacturer, whose motto is "Stop the leak!" By attention to details, frequently, many causes of loss can be eliminated.

Perhaps there is nothing which eats so deeply into the swine owner's pocketbook as do insect pests, unless possibly, it is cholera. Worms of one sort or another are a frequent hindrance to thrift and growth, resulting in stunted and undersized pigs, or in the death of the animal, if treatment is neglected. In fact, it has been estimated that the loss from worms is quite often as great as the loss from cholera.

A pig that is badly infested with worms will have an unthrifty appearance, the coat will be dry and harsh, the head drooping and the eyes dull, with the arched back, resulting eventually in loss of appetite and emaciation. If infested pigs are watched closely

worms will be found in the droppings. As preventive measures pigs should have a clean, dry feeding place, as scattering corn on foul ground is one of the most common sources of infection. Dusty sleeping quarters, where the pigs inhale more or less dust, is likewise dangerous. Where such places cannot be avoided, a frequent sprinkling of the ground with crude oil will prove beneficial. In addition, a tonic should be kept before the pigs at all times. The following is recommended:

- Wood charcoal 1 bushel
- Bone meal 2 bushels
- Wood ashes 1 bushel
- Salt 1 bushel
- Air-slaked lime 2 quarts
- Copperas 2 pounds

When the presence of intestinal worms is suspected the pigs should be kept off feed for 24 hours and then given the following remedy in their slop:

- 25 grains santolin.
- 1 dram Arca nut.
- 5 grain calomel.
- 4 dram sodium bicarbonate.

The above is sufficient for a 50-pound pig, and should be followed by two ounces of Epsom salts a day later. In cases where the pigs cough a great deal, lung worms are usually present, and while difficult to treat, turpentine will greatly relieve the trou-

ble. The pigs should be kept off feed for 24 hours and given from a teaspoonful to a tablespoonful, depending upon their size, of turpentine in the slop for three successive days. The treatment should be repeated in a week if necessary.

Lice are another frequent source of loss in swine. When present, they may be detected on the ears, around the neck and back of the shoulder. The best remedy for lice is crude black oil, which should be diluted one-half with warm water and applied with an old sprinking can or brush. Where a large number of hogs are kept, one of the numerous patented oilers should be purchased and placed where all of the hogs may get to it.

Keeping pigs in a thrifty, growing condition is of great assistance in warding off attacks of cholera. On the other hand, the pigs whose vitality is reduced by worms or lice is very susceptible to disease.

EARLY PLOWING AIDS WHEAT

Experience Has Indicated That It Materially Increases Yields.

By C. H. SPURWAY, Soils Department, M. A. C.

East Lansing, Mich.—The apparently unlimited demands for more wheat being made upon the Michigan farmer and his co-patriots in neighboring states, may be expected to induce many growers this season to adopt measures for increasing their yields. And of means at our disposal, early preparation of the soil is probably one of the most convenient and important—a point which has been amply proved by the experience of progressive farmers here, and by numerous experiments elsewhere. Making the seed bed ready for wheat as soon as possible aids materially in developing plant food and in establishing a proper physical condition of the soil to enable seeds to germinate quickly and send out a good root system before cold weather sets in in the fall.

Wheat usually follows oats in the Michigan rotation. It is an excellent plan to plow oat stubble as soon as possible after the oat crop has been harvested. After plowing the soil, the treatment should be similar to that given when fields are summer-fallowed for wheat. The proper use of tools will depend, of course, upon soil and weather conditions.

When plowing cannot be done on account of other work it is a good plan to disk the oat stubble, and some wheat growers often disk their fields while the oats are still in shock. The disking operation is especially advisable on heavy soils if the season is dry. It may also prove beneficial even when plowing is done early, because loss of moisture from the soil is prevented and a better seed bed can be prepared.

Farmers, in general, know that increased yields are obtained by summer-fallowing land for wheat, but there are two great disadvantages of this method. One of these is loss of use of the land for a spring crop, and the other is unnecessary depletion of soil fertility. By early preparation of the seed bed for wheat after oats, a partial summer-fallow is obtained, while the advantages of a longer summer-fallow are practically overcome.

It will also be very desirable on the heavier soils to fertilize wheat with 250 to 300 pounds of acid phosphate per acre, applied at the time of seeding. If the stand does not appear good in the following spring, top dressing with 100 pounds of nitrate of soda per acre should be profitable, especially if the soil is light in color, a sign which often indicates a lack of nitrogen.

Youngsters Raise Garden Truck.

More than 100 garden supervisors and leaders of boys and girls clubs attended the "rural leadership" conference at M. A. C., during the week of July 9 to 14. It was announced during the course of the sessions that Michigan youngsters, both in the city and country, will produce this summer at least a half-million dollars' worth of garden truck.

Mr. Automobile Owner:

Are you insured against fire, theft and liability? The Citizens' Mutual Automobile Insurance Company, of Howell, carried the insurance and paid for the following automobiles by theft:

- Thos. D. Fitzgerald, of the Secretary of State's Office, Lansing \$335
- Jerry Kastle, New Boston 300
- Earl W. Tucker, Wyandotte 375
- Benjamin C. Hilliker, Swartz Creek 320
- Anton Keldis, Scottville 308
- R. Barringer, Richland 275
- Mutual Telephone Co., Inlay City 315
- Frank S. Hagerman, Stevensville 425
- Glen C. Gillespie, Prosecuting Attorney, Pontiac 300
- Kirk Van Winkle, Lansing 325
- W. H. Williamson, Oakland County 975

The above losses are paid from every part of the State. The wise man will insure in the Big Mutual. 25,000 policies issued. 350 claims paid, and \$70,000 of cash in bank.

Cost is only \$1.00 for policy and 25c per h. p.

See local agent or write

Citizens' Mutual Auto. Ins. Co., Howell, Mich.

to feel Fresh and Fit

—you must keep your stomach well, your liver active, the bowels regular, and your blood pure. Your physical condition depends on the health of these organs. When anything goes wrong

just take

a few doses of Beecham's Pills and avoid any serious illness. They are a fine corrective and tonic for the system, and a great help in maintaining good health. A single box will prove the remedial value of

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World. Sold everywhere. In boxes, 10c, 25c.

The Average Consumer.

"Who's this man who is telling me to eat the luxuries of the table so as to save the staples?"

"Why, what's the matter with you, man?"

"He's either got to give me the money to buy the lobsters with or tell me I'm one myself!"

FRECKLES

Now Is the Time to Get Rid of Those Ugly Spots.

There's no longer the slightest need of feeling ashamed of your freckles. The prescription ointment—double strength—guaranteed to remove them promptly and completely. Simply get an ounce of ointment—double strength—your druggist, and apply a little of it night and morning and your freckles should soon see that even the worst freckles have begun to disappear, with the lightening of the skin and gain a beautiful clear complexion.

Be sure to ask for the double strength ointment, as this is sold under guarantee money back if it fails to remove freckles. Ad.

A Grasping Mind.

"Eight hours work, eight hours rest, and eight hours recreation, you know, said the man who likes proverbs."

"Yes," replied the weary citizen, "Maybe sometime congress will be hurried up to pass a law looking out for the rest and the

COULDN'T LIFT SIX MONTHS OLD BABY

Mrs. Hawkins Was So Weak Couldn't Move in Her Bed Without Help.

MAD SUFFERED TORTURE

Well and Strong Again After Taking Tanlac and Weighs More Than She Has in Over Eighteen Years.

"I was down in bed and couldn't raise my head or move without help and now I'm able to do all my housework, even to my cooking and garden work and I weigh more than I have in eighteen years and have been taking Tanlac only about four weeks," said Mrs. Dollie Hawkins, 4906 Second avenue, South, Birmingham, Ala., recently.

"For years," continued Mrs. Hawkins, "I suffered with rheumatism and acute indigestion. The rheumatism got me down in bed and had me bound so hard and fast somebody had to move me about and the pain was terrible. I couldn't lift my six-months-old baby, and had to hire someone to wait on me and do my work. I was so nervous the least little thing dropping on the floor would startle me and my heart would almost stop beating. I couldn't eat any solid food at all and was in such run-down condition my baby fell off until it was just a little skeleton and fretted and cried all the time. No kind of medicine did me any good and I was getting worse all the time.

"If ever a medicine did wonders, Tanlac did it for me and my little baby. I felt better in just a few days after I began taking it. I have taken three bottles and I am not nervous in the least now and my sleep is fine and rests me. The awful rheumatic pains and misery is all gone. I can eat anything I want and my food not only gives me nourishment but my baby is as fat as a little pig and sits for hours at a time on a pallet and plays without a whimper. Tanlac has made a well woman of me and a fat, healthy baby out of my little sickly one, and I'm just so thankful for what Tanlac has done for us I want everybody to know about this great medicine."

There is a Tanlac dealer in your town. Adv.

Ready With Advice. A grocer man was telling a customer about some woman who had fainted on the street. He rushed to the rescue, of course, and lifted her head from the ground.

"It's a wonder you hadn't killed her! Don't you know that her head should have been lower than her feet?"

The grocer accepted the information with the smile of one who likes cold douches, and went on about how a man stopped his automobile to take her to a hospital, and how they tried to revive her with ammonia.

"Worst thing you could have done! Don't you know that when the patient is unconscious you should never—" and so on, and so on.

Which shows how the poor dear doctors are going to suffer from every woman's training in R. C. first aid.

P. S.—Also the poor, dear undertakers.—Washington Star.

Druggist's Experience With Kidney Medicine

I have handled and sold Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root for some time and have heard customers claim that it had produced very satisfactory results in different ailments of the kidneys, liver and bladder. I have nothing but favorable reports at hand and my personal opinion is that there is not anything on the market that will equal Swamp-Root for disease of the kidneys, liver and bladder and I know of a physician who is a very strong believer in the merits of Swamp-Root.

Very truly yours, THE J. M. WATTS MERC. STORE, J. M. WATTS, Watsville, Miss.

Sept. 23, 1916. What Swamp-Root Will Do For You

QUOTA EACH STATE MUST RAISE BY DRAFT FOR NATIONAL ARMY

Allotment by states of quotas to be raised by selective draft for Uncle Sam's national army was announced by the war department. The quotas assigned are on a basis of proportionate population of each state to the population of the nation as recently fixed by the census bureau. In the allotment each state is given credit for its total enlisted National Guard strength, plus the men enlisted in the regular army between April 2 and June 30, 1917.

The following table gives the war department allotment, gross quotas, net quotas and National Guard and regular army credits—the total of the latter two appearing in the final column of the table:

Table with columns: Gross Quota, Net Quota by Draft, National Guard Enlisted April 2-June 30, Regular Army April 2-June 30, Aggregate National Guard and Reg. Army. Lists states from United States to Porto Rico.

FORMAL DRAFT ORDER ISSUED BY PRESIDENT

Wilson Rallies 1,262,985 Men Around the Flag.

687,000 ON THE FIRST CALL

Official Allotment Shows What Part of Total Must Be Furnished by Each State and Territory in the Union.

Washington.—A formal order by President Wilson, drafting 687,000 into the military service under the selective conscription law, was promulgated by the war department, together with an official allotment showing what part of the total must be furnished by each state and territory.

The only steps now remaining are distribution by the governors of state quotas among the local exemption districts and the great lottery, which probably will be held next week and which will establish the order in which registrants are to present themselves for service or exemption.

The men summoned for service will be used to fill the regular army and National Guard to war strength and to organize the first 500,000 of the new national army.

Total to be 1,262,985. The total of these three forces will be 1,262,985 men.

Later another 500,000 will be called out, supplemented by sufficient men to make up losses and maintain reserve battalions.

Following is Secretary of War Baker's announcement of the order: "By virtue of the authority vested in him by an act of congress, entitled 'An Act to Authorize the President to Increase Temporarily the Military Establishment of the United States,' approved May 13, 1917, the president of the United States has ordered the aggregate number of 687,000 men to be raised by draft for the military service of the United States in order to bring to full strength the organizations of the regular army and the organizations embodying the members of the National Guard drafted into the military service of the United States and to create the national army, and has caused said aggregate number to be apportioned to the several states and territories and the District of Columbia as set forth in the schedule hereto appended.

"The governor of each state and territory and the commissioners of the

District of Columbia, acting for and by the direction of the president and in accordance with said act of congress and rules and regulations prescribed pursuant thereto, shall apportion the quota so apportioned to such state, territory or district and shall communicate to each local board established in such state, territory or district notice of the net quota to be furnished by such board, and such net quotas shall thereupon be furnished by the respective local boards as required by said act of congress and rules and regulations prescribed pursuant thereto."

In computing the number of men to be required from the various states the government put to the credit of each state every man it now has in the National Guard and every man it has contributed since April 1 as a war volunteer to the regular army.

Computation Method. Placing on the debit side of the ledger the national army of 500,000, the entire National Guard at war strength and the number of war volunteers needed on April 1 last, to bring the regulars up to the war strength, the grand total was apportioned according to population.

This gave a gross quota for each state, from which a net quota was computed by checking off the number of National Guardsmen available for federal service and the number of men given by the state to the regular army since April 1.

The apportionment was made on the basis of an estimated grand total for the United States and its possessions of 103,308,050 inhabitants.

This is a paper estimate, computed from registration returns, which comes within the law requiring distribution of quotas by population, but which equalizes in a great measure the burden that is to fall upon the 4,550 exemption districts.

Total of 1,152,985. Each will furnish under this apportionment the men its total registration would indicate as a fair proportion, rather than the number the actual population of the district would indicate. The total of these gross quotas is 1,152,985 men.

Credit is given to the various states for a total of 465,085 voluntary enlistments in the National Guard and regulars, making the total net quota for all states 687,000 men.

Illinois, which was the first big state to fill its quota for the regular army, reduced its gross quota of 79,004 to 51,658.

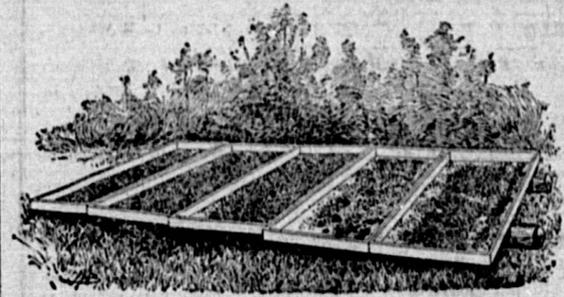
Never Satisfied. "That dog of yours bit a piece right out of my leg."

"Well, you're never satisfied. You were only telling me the other day that you wished you could lose some flesh."

Too Small For Some Purpose. "Nearly all the newspapers are being reduced in size. I notice."

"Yes; it seems to be a lucky thing that bastards are no longer fashionable."

HOME DRYING FRUITS AND VEGETABLES



TRAYS FOR DRYING FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.

(From FARMERS' BULLETIN 841, United States Department of Agriculture.) One of the most prominent features of the food conservation program of European countries has been the universal drying of fruits and vegetables. The surplus vegetables in the city markets were forced by the governments into large municipal drying plants. Community dryers were established in the trucking regions and even itinerant drying machines were sent from farm to farm drying the vegetables which otherwise would have gone to waste. In addition, large quantities of dried vegetables from Canada and this country were shipped to France during the last two years, and there is a possibility that dried fruits and vegetables may continue to be shipped abroad in considerable quantities to supplement the concentrated food diet of the men in the trenches.

The drying of vegetables may seem strange to the present generation, but to our grandmothers it was no novelty. Many housewives even today prefer dried sweet corn to the product canned by the old method, and say that dried pumpkin and squash are excellent for pie making. Snap beans often are strung on threads and dried above the stove. Cherries and raspberries still are dried on bits of bark for use instead of raisins. In fact, many of the everyday foodstuffs already are dried at some stage of their preparation for market. The common dried fruits, such as prunes, raisins, figs, dates and apples, are staples in the world's markets, while beans and other legumes, tea, coffee, cocoa, and various manufactured foods, like starch, tapioca, macaroni, etc., are dried either in the sun and wind or in specially constructed driers.

Even though the drying of fruits and vegetables as practiced a few decades ago on many farms has become practically a "lost art," the present food situation doubtless will cause a marked stimulation of drying as a means of conserving the food supply. This country is producing large quantities of perishable foods this year, which should be saved for storage, canned, or properly dried. Drying is not a panacea for the entire waste evil, nor should it take the place of storing or canning to any considerable extent where proper storage facilities are available or tin cans or glass jars can be obtained readily and at a low cost.

Advantages of Drying. The advantages of drying vegetables are not so apparent for the farm home as they are for the town or city household, which has no root cellar or other place in which to store fresh vegetables. For the farmer's wife the new methods of canning probably will be better than sun drying, which require a somewhat longer time. But shorter methods of drying are available, and the dried product holds an advantage in that usually it requires fewer jars, cans, or other containers than do canned fruits or vegetables; also dried material can be stored in receptacles which cannot be used for canning. Then, too, canned fruit and vegetables freeze and cannot be shipped as conveniently in winter. Dried vegetables can be compacted and shipped with a minimum risk.

Special Advantages. To the housewife in the town the drying of vegetables and fruits presents special advantages. During the season when the market is oversupplied locally and prices are low she can lay in a stock, dry it, and put it away for a winter's emergency without its taking up much of the needed small storage space in her home. If she is accustomed to canning her fruit and vegetables and finds she cannot secure jars or tin cans, she can easily resort to drying.

With simple and inexpensive facilities, all housewives can save quantities of food which are too small conveniently to can. A few sweet potatoes or apples or peas or even a single turnip can be dried and saved. Even when very small quantities are dried at a time, a quantity sufficient for a meal will soon be secured. Small lots of several dried vegetables, such as cabbage, carrots, turnips, potatoes, and onions, can be combined to advantage for soups and stews.

Cleanliness is Necessary. Cleanliness is as necessary in the preparation of vegetables and fruits for drying as in their preparation for canning, perhaps even more so. To secure a fine quality of dried products much depends upon having the vegetables absolutely fresh, young, tender, and perfectly clean. If steel knives are used in paring and cutting have them clean and bright so as not to discolor the vegetable. The earthy smell and flavor will cling to root crops if they are not washed thoroughly before slicing, and one decayed root may flavor several kettles of soup if the slices from it are scattered through a whole batch of dried material. High-grade dried "root" vegetables can only be made from peeled roots.

To Dry Cauliflower. Clean, divide in small bunches, blanch six minutes, and dry two to three hours at 110 degrees to 145 degrees Fahrenheit. Cauliflower will turn very dark when drying, but will regain part of the color in soaking and cooking. Dried cauliflower is especially good in soups and omelets.

Brussels sprouts may be handled in a similar way, but add a pinch of soda to the blanching water.

In the preparation of large quantities of potatoes a peeler may be utilized. The potatoes are thrown by centrifugal force against a rough surface which, under streams of water provided by the perforated tin container above, nicks off the outer skin and leaves only the eyes to be dug out.

Blanching of vegetables is considered desirable by some housekeepers, although it is not strictly essential to successful drying. It is claimed that the blanch gives a more thorough cleaning, removes the strong odor and flavor from certain kinds of vegetables, and softens and loosens the fiber. This allows the moisture in the vegetable to evaporate more quickly and uniformly. It also quickly coagulates the albuminous matter in the vegetables, which helps to hold in the natural flavors. Blanching consists of plunging the vegetable into boiling water for a short time. Use a wire basket or cheesecloth bag for this. After blanching the required number of minutes, drain well and remove surface moisture from vegetables by placing between two towels or by exposing to the sun and air for a short time.

Preparing Food for Drier. In large factories the vegetables are put through special shredders and slicers not adapted for home use, but convenient and inexpensive machines which can be used to great advantage are on the market. The meat grinder with its special disks can be used in certain cases; the common kraut slicer will cut large vegetables into thin slices, such as potatoes and cabbage; and the rotary hand slicer is adapted for use on a very wide range of material. A large sharp kitchen knife may be used when a handier cutting device is not available. Care should be taken that the material is sliced thin enough but not too thin. From an eighth to a quarter of an inch is a fair thickness for most of the common vegetables to be sliced and dried. Very small slices or strips dry more quickly because they expose a greater surface to the air than do larger cut pieces. But if cut too fine they are more difficult to handle in drying, appear to lose somewhat in flavor, and cannot be used so advantageously to make dishes like those prepared from the fresh foods.

The slicing machines are not suitable for children's use, for they will cut fingers as mercilessly as they do vegetables and fruits, and even adults should exercise great caution in their use in the home.

Good Packing and Storing. Although not necessary, tin cans or glass jars make good receptacles for storage of dried fruits or vegetables. Pastebord boxes with tight covers, stout paper bags, and patented paraffin paper cartons also afford ample protection for dried products when protected from insects and rodents. The dried fruit or vegetables must be protected from the outside moisture and will keep best in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place. These conditions, however, are difficult to obtain in the more humid regions, and there moisture-tight containers should be used.

If a small amount of dried product is put in each receptacle, just enough for one or two meals, it will not be necessary to open a container the contents of which cannot be consumed in a short time. The use of the small container also makes it more difficult for insects to spoil large quantities of dried fruits or vegetables. If a paper bag is used, the upper part should be twisted into a neck, bent over, and tied tightly with a string. If a further precaution against spoilage is necessary the bag can be coated with paraffin by painting it with a brush which has been dipped into melted paraffin. Another precaution may be taken by placing the small bags in a tin container with a tightly fitting cover, such as an ordinary lard can or pail. All bags should bear a label indicating what they contain.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children. Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of Dr. J. C. Fletcher. In Use For Over Thirty Years CASTORIA. Net Contents 15 Fluid Drachms. 900 DROPS. ALCOHOL-3 PER CENT. Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food by Regulating the Stomach and Bowels of INFANTS CHILDREN. Thereby Promoting Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC. A helpful Remedy for Constipation and Diarrhoea, and Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP resulting therefrom-in infancy. THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK. At 6 months old 35 Doses - 35 CENTS. Exact Copy of Wrapper.

Canada's Liberal Offer of Wheat Land to Settlers

is open to you—to every farmer or farmer's son who is anxious to establish for himself a happy home and prosperity. Canada's hearty invitation this year is more attractive than ever. Wheat is much higher but her fertile farm land just as cheap, and in the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta. 160 Acre Homesteads Are Actually Free to Settlers and Other Land Sold at from \$15 to \$25 per Acre. The great demand for Canadian Wheat will keep up the price. Where a farmer can get near \$2 for wheat and raise 20 to 45 bushels to the acre he is bound to make money—no matter what you can expect in Western Canada. Wonderful yields also of Oats, Barley and Flax. Mixed Farming in Western Canada is fully as profitable an industry as grain raising. The excellent grasses, full of nutrition, are the only food required either for beef or dairy purposes. Good schools, churches, markets, convenient climate, excellent. There is an unusual demand for farm labor to replace the many young men who have volunteered for the war. Write for literature and particulars as to reduced railway rates to Dept. of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or to M. V. MacINNIS, 176 Jefferson Ave., Detroit, Mich. Canadian Government Agent.

SHORT ON HIS "PER CAPITA" Boston Man Needs Only \$37.50 to Make Up the \$43 Which Every One is Supposed to Possess.

According to the latest population figures with reference to the money in circulation in this country, every man, woman and child in the United States should have \$43 in his, hers or its jeans.

Have you got yours? I haven't got mine, Newton Newkirk writes in the Boston Post.

It occurs to me that when the fact becomes generally known that I haven't got mine some "per capita" who discovers that he has considerably more ready cash in his pockets than he ought to have according to this division of funds, will split with me, so that I will have my normal quota of dollars.

All I need in order to have my \$43 is \$37.50. No hurry about it, of course, but the sooner somebody remits me this \$37.50 the more grateful I will be. There is really no necessity that I can see of delaying or postponing such a little matter as this. By a rapid mental arithmetical calculation it will readily be seen that I now have \$5.00 of the \$43 needed and before I have spent any portion of this \$5.00 it would be well for somebody to make up the deficit of \$37.50—otherwise the deficit is liable to be more.

Human Responsibility. "I suppose you think you can reform him if you marry him."

"Oh, no indeed," replied Maybelle with a toss of her pretty head. "A girl doesn't have to bother about reforming a man now. Congress and the police are now supposed to reform everybody."

Pendleton, Oregon, hermit recently died supposedly poor, but searchers of his cabin found \$16,000.

If I was the grocer I'd sell nothin' but Post Toasties. Post Toasties. - Bobby.

Every Woman Wants Postine ANTISEPTIC POWDER FOR PERSONAL HYGIENE. Dissolved in water for douches stops pelvic catarrh, ulceration and inflammation. Recommended by Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co. for ten years. A healing wonder for nasal catarrh, sore throat and sore eyes. Economical. The extraordinary cleaning and antiseptic power of Postine is guaranteed. Sample Free. 50¢. All druggists or postpaid by mail. The Postine Toilet Company, Boston, Mass.

OLD FALSE TEETH WANTED. We pay \$10.00 per set for old false teeth. Do not wear them if broken. Send by parcel post and enclosing check for return mail. Bank Refunds. Henry's Tooth Specialist, 247 E. 17th St., Philadelphia, Pa.

For Sale CHICAGO HOTEL, furnished—17 rooms, all modern, long lease, current, central location, steam, worth \$100,000; reduced to \$30,000 cash, balance easy payments or other property. Business \$100,000 per year. Investing. Liberal Deal. Address: Francis Louie, 1116 Washington Boulevard, Chicago.

Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Book Review. 1000 Years of Patents. W. N. U., DETROIT, NO. 29-1917.

Farrell's Grocery Specials

Saturday, July 21st, 1917

- 1 Pound Best Crackers in the city.....12c
- 1 Pound Best Ginger Snaps.....11c
- 3 Five-Cent Boxes Matches.....10c
- 1 Can Tall Pot Milk.....13c

The Best Place to Buy Groceries is at
JOHN FARRELL & CO.

American Ice Cream Parlor

The ice cream season is here and we are making a specialty of serving Socials and Picnics, as well as private parties. Visit our Parlor and try a dish of Velvet Brand. All kinds of soft drinks.

CHOICE LINE OF CONFECTIONERY
WILBUR HINDERER, Proprietor

Used Touring Cars FOR SALE

CONSISTING OF OVERLANDS, FORDS, STUDEBAKERS AND WARRENS

All Cars are in good condition. Prices reasonable if sold at once.

A. G. FAIST

THE QUALITY

of Pork we sell matches the prime condition of our Beef, Lamb, Veal and other foods. All of the meats sold at this shop have been carefully inspected by us.

PHONE 59
FRED KLINGLER



Overland Garage

PROMPT SERVICE DAY OR NIGHT.
OVERLAND REPAIRS AND ACCESSORIES.
GOODYEAR AND U. S. TIRES.

Garage Phone, 90
Residence Phone, 248-J
A. A. RIEDEL

Automobile Opportunity

A prominent, well known distributor of automobiles is desirous of securing a live, energetic, aggressive dealer for this territory for the season of 1918, to handle a popular-priced pleasure car with an enviable reputation.

This car is absolutely high grade in every respect and contains more high grade units of value than many cars demanding a much higher price.

An agency for this car will prove a most profitable business proposition, both present and future.

The prospective dealer must be in a financial position to purchase cars. You can, through our plan, sell to all classes on cash and time payments.

ADDRESS

M. R. KELLER, 212 Hamilton Ave., Detroit, Mich.

READ

THE

CHELSEA STORE NEWS

IN

THE STANDARD

The Chelsea Standard

An independent local newspaper published every Thursday afternoon from its office in the Standard building, East Middle street, Chelsea, Michigan.

O. T. HOOVER,
PROPRIETOR.

(Terms:—\$1.00 per year; six months, fifty cents; three months, twenty-five cents. To foreign countries \$1.50 per year.)

Entered as second-class matter, March 5, 1905, at the postoffice at Chelsea, Michigan, under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

PERSONAL

Roy Wilsey spent Sunday in Jackson.

J. E. Weber was a Detroit visitor Monday.

L. P. Klein spent Wednesday in Jackson.

Albert LaFe Sincer spent Sunday in Jackson.

Mrs. J. Bacon is spending this week at Coldwater.

Miss Esther Hammond spent Saturday in Detroit.

Miss Blanche Stephens spent Sunday in Jackson.

Miss Isabelle Barthel is spending this week in Jackson.

Mrs. Martha Weinmann was an Ann Arbor visitor Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy French and son spent Friday in Dexter.

Louis Stevenson, of Detroit, spent the week end in Chelsea.

Mrs. J. L. Gilbert is visiting relatives in Detroit this week.

Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Belser were Ann Arbor visitors Monday.

Mrs. Olean Shauman, of Ann Arbor, spent Tuesday in Chelsea.

Miss Dorothy Shaffer, of Detroit, is the guest of Miss Clara Hutzel.

Mr. and Mrs. A. K. Collins spent Sunday with friends at Norvell.

Miss Flora Kempf is spending a few weeks at Lake Chautauque, N. Y.

Florenz Eisele has been spending this week in Chicago and Milwaukee.

J. F. Reed, of Lansing, spent a few days of the past week with his family here.

Miss Ella Barber entertained Mr. and Mrs. Adolph G. Aue, of Cincinnati, Friday.

Miss Mary Haab is spending some time at the home of her mother in Webster.

Miss Anna Mast, of Ann Arbor, spent the week end with Mr. and Mrs. Roy Dillon.

Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Hoag, of Ann Arbor, are spending the week at Cavanaugh Lake.

Mr. and Mrs. John Fulford, of Romulus, are spending this week at Cavanaugh Lake.

Mrs. C. A. Smith, of Detroit, is spending this week with her mother, Mrs. R. P. Chase.

Mr. and Mrs. George Porter, of Wayne, are spending this week at Cavanaugh Lake.

Mrs. Olive Winslow is spending a few weeks with relatives in Williamson and White Oak.

Edward Carringer, of Jackson, is spending this week at the home of Mrs. Bertha Stephens.

Wm. H. Ryan and family were called to Grand Rapids, Wednesday, by the death of a relative.

Robert Foster, Chelsea's ninety-two years old boy, is visiting relatives in Mt. Pleasant and Bannister.

Mrs. Emma Haines, of Jackson, spent a few days the first of the week with Mr. and Mrs. C. Lehman.

Mr. and Mrs. Francis Lusty, of Jackson, spent Sunday with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. Lusty.

Mr. and Mrs. John Weimester and children, of Howell, spent the week end with Mrs. Bertha Stephens.

Wm. McQuillan and family, of Howell, and Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Peck, of Flint, were guests of John Kelly, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Walker, of Oxford, spent the first of the week at the home of Mr. and Mrs. R. D. Walker.

Mrs. Charles Swigart and son Chas. jr., of Cincinnati, are guests at the home of Dr. and Mrs. H. H. Avery this week.

Mr. and Mrs. George Taylor and daughters of Detroit, spent the first of the week with their mother, Mrs. J. C. Taylor.

Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Andrews and Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Andrews, of Detroit, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. D. L. Rogers Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. N. Morton are entertaining their daughter, Mrs. T. L. Thomason and her daughters, Janet and Elizabeth, of Torrington, Conn.

Miss Elizabeth Kusterer will leave soon for Lake Harbor, where she will remain until September, when she will resume her duties as teacher in the Kalamazoo schools.

Look for John Farrell & Co.'s advertisement in this issue.

Mr. and Mrs. Guy Langdon have moved their household goods to Detroit.

Mrs. Anna Phelps, of Dexter, was the guest of Mrs. C. E. Whitaker, Sunday.

Miss Agatha Kelly, of Ypsilanti, spent Sunday at the home of her father, John Kelly.

Miss Winifred Eder, of Detroit, spent Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Eder.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Schoenhals, of Hamburg, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Schoenhals.

Mrs. William Harkins and Miss Agnes Denthan, of Chicago, are spending a few days at St. Mary's rectory, the guests of Rev. Father Considine.

Miss Anna Rogers, who spent several days with relatives in Detroit, returned to her home here last week accompanied by her cousin, Miss Barbara Andrews.

Church Circles.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL.

Rev. G. H. Whitney, Pastor.

Morning service at 10 o'clock as usual Sunday.

Bible school at 11:15 a. m.

Epworth League at 6 p. m.

Union evening service at 7 o'clock at the Congregational church.

Thursday prayer meeting 7 p. m.

A cordial invitation to all.

CONGREGATIONAL.

Rev. P. W. Dierberger, Pastor.

Morning worship at 10 o'clock with sermon by the pastor. Subject, "The Impartiality of God."

Sunday school at 11:15 o'clock a. m.

Class for men led by the pastor.

Union evening service at our church at 7 o'clock. Dr. W. D. Henderson, of Ann Arbor, will speak on "The New Patriotism."

The public is invited.

CATHOLIC.

Rev. W. P. Considine, Rector.

Church of Our Lady of the Sacred Heart Sunday services.

Holy communion 6:00 a. m.

High mass 7:00 a. m.

Low mass 9:30 a. m.

Mass on week days at 7:00 a. m.

The Altar Society and St. Aloysius Sodality will receive holy communion next Sunday.

BAPTIST.

Rev. C. R. Osborn, Pastor.

Regular church services at 9:30 a. m.

Sunday school at 10:30 o'clock a. m.

Union service at the Congregational church Sunday evening at 7 o'clock.

Prayer meeting at 7 o'clock Thursday evening at the church.

Everybody welcome.

ST. PAUL'S.

Rev. A. A. Schoen, Pastor.

German service Sunday at 9:30 a. m.

Sunday school at 10:30 a. m.

SALEM GERMAN M. E. CHURCH, NEAR FRANCISCO.

Rev. G. C. Nohdruff, Pastor.

Sunday school Sunday 9:30 a. m.

German worship 10:30 a. m.

Epworth League 7:00 p. m.

English service 7:30 p. m.

Everybody most cordially invited.

Princess Theatre.

Open regularly Sunday, Wednesday and Saturday-nights, starting at 7:15.

No matinees.

SATURDAY, JULY 21.

Robert Warwick and Doris Kenyon in "A Girl's Folly." Here is something new in pictures—a romance of the making of moving pictures. All the activities of a big movie plant are shown in detail—the dressing rooms, the lunch rooms, the big indoor tank where water scenes are staged, the revolving stage, the director at work—all this and a great deal more. Combined with all this entertaining detail is a love story that has a charm that is all its own. Without doubt this is one of the most unusual and most delightful motion pictures ever made. Every movie fan will love it.

SUNDAY, JULY 22.

William Courtney and Alice Dovey in "The Romantic Journey." The story deals with the rescue of a beautiful young American girl by an adventurous young fellow countryman who invades the lair of Ratoor, the East Indian villain. A story of thrilling romance and adventure, affording splendid roles to these two stars of the legitimate stage.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 25.

Mrs. Vernon Castle in "Patria," a serial of romance and preparedness. Ninth chapter.

Hearst-Pathé News, topics of the hour.

"Luke's Movie Muddle." Comic.

JACKSON—Complaints from citizens who have planted vacant lots to vegetables, only to find them now despoiled by thieves, should receive prompt attention from the police. A man who is too lazy to plant his own garden but is yet enterprising enough to filch his neighbor's product is a cheap customer.—Star.

Look for John Farrell & Co.'s advertisement in this issue.

July Clearing Sales

Realizing that Fall will bring still higher prices on practically every sort of merchandise, hundreds of thrifty people have taken advantage of the offerings in this important mid-season clearance.

Every section of this busy, friendly store contributes its quota of timely bargains. Reminders of every summer stock at "hurry-up" July reductions as the following items, selected from here and there attest.

Wash Skirts

WHITE WASH SKIRTS REDUCED GREATLY
Special lots at.....**\$1.25 and \$2.00**
Others now priced at.....**\$2.50 and \$3.00**

Silk Dresses

EVERY SILK DRESS NOW REDUCED IN PRICE.
Prices on our best and newest Silk Dresses are now **\$10.00, \$12.50, \$15.00 to \$20.00**

Summer Dresses

A small lot of Summer Dresses at exactly HALF PRICE.
These are all more or less mussed and soiled from showing.

Wash Goods

We have gone through our Wash Goods Department and selected all odd pieces and placed them on sale in two lots, at per yard.....**10c and 15c**

Curtains

All odd Lace, Scrim or Marquisette Curtains, now.....**HALF PRICE.**

Grocery Specials

- 6 large boxes Matches.....**25c**
 - 30c steel cut Coffee.....**25c**
 - 25c steel cut Coffee.....**21c**
 - 50c Togo Tea.....**40c**
 - Crystal White Soap.....**5c**
 - 3 5c-boxes Toothpicks.....**10c**
 - Extra good Rice.....**9c**
- No groceries delivered.

VOGEL & WURSTER

JULY CLEARANCE!

IN ORDER TO REDUCE STOCK TO MAKE ROOM FOR DAILY ARRIVALS OF FALL GOODS, WE OFFER:

SHOES

This includes Oxfords in brown and black leathers and fibre soles, that retailed at \$4.50, \$5.00 and \$5.50, now.....**\$3.75**
Men's solid all leather Work Shoes, Special.....**\$3.00**

All Fine Straw Hats.....**1-3 Off**

SHIRTS

Special lots of Men's Neglige and Sport Shirts at.....**65c**
Also Big Line of Men's and Boys' Sport Shirts at.....**50c to \$1.50**

New Fall Lines of Suitings Now On Display

WALWORTH & STRIETER

Outfitters From "Lad to Dad"

Card of Thanks.

We hereby wish to extend a most hearty thanks to all, who by their contributions towards the Red Cross have made it possible that such a substantial present could have been given us, as well as others. Also many thanks to Mr. Waltrous and Mr. Holmes who have had the friendliness to hand over to us the said present. We furthermore wish to thank most cordially all our many friends in Freedom, who by word and deed have cheered us in the days of our great distress. In particular we would like to express our hearty gratitude toward Mr. and Mrs. Fred Lutz, who opened their home to us immediately after the catastrophe and also cheered us with a goodly present. Once more, many thanks to all. Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Wenk, sr.

DIFFERENT COWS, DIFFERENT FEEDS.

[National Crop Improvement Service.]
No suggestions that we can offer nor any other formula that can be made can be followed to the letter as a druggist follows the prescription of a physician. Feeds vary in their nutritive values, some being better than the average and some not as good, and cows vary in their ability to digest and transform nutriment. These conditions make it necessary for the feeder to use a good deal of judgment and not follow too blindly the suggestions of others. Any good stock feed is recommended as a base, to be supplemented by home-grown roughage.

WANT COLUMN

RENTS, REAL ESTATE, FOUND, LOST, WANTED, ETC.

- LOST—Between Island lake and Chelsea, satchel containing fishing tackle. Finder please return to C. H. Diedrich, 908 Francis St., Jackson, Mich. Reward. 51
- THE Studio will be open Saturday afternoon and evening, July 21st to those who have work there. Mrs. E. E. Shaver. 51
- FOR SALE—100 head of good Durham steers, dehorned, \$1 cents per pound. Downer & Leach. 52
- FOR SALE—Cottage organ, in good repair, suitable for home or school house. Will sell cheap. H. E. Cooper, Chelsea. 52
- LOST—A black traveling bag, containing quantity of baby clothing and handbag with bankbook and small sum of money. Finder please leave at Standard office 51
- FOR SALE—Gasoline range. Call phone 6-J. 51
- FOR SALE—McCormick mower, nearly new. Inquire of John Bush, 620 N. Main st. 51
- FOR SALE—The Baptist parsonage property, 157 East Summit street, 9-room house, city water and electric lights. For particulars phone Adelbert Baldwin or N. W. Laird. 25tf

HELP WANTED—At the Chelsea Greenhouses. 39tf

LEAVE YOUR ORDER for Saturday Evening Post and Ladies Home Journal at the Standard office.

AUCTIONS—The auction season is now here, and The Standard wishes to remind those who expect to have an auction this season, that it can furnish an auctioneer and print your bills.

"FOR SALE" and "For Rent" window signs for sale at this office.

OLD PAPERS for sale at this office. Large bundle for 5c.

LEGAL PRINTING—The Standard requests its patrons who have business with the Probate Office to ask the Judge of Probate to order the printing sent to this office.

MR. FARMER

If you are not using the STANDARD WANT ADS you're a heavy loser.
Find a buyer for your produce, livestock or tools that you do not need.
Sell your farm or find farm help.
The cost is small—results are sure.

This is a Young Man's Store

Where Young Men can come to be properly outfitted with clothing that is designed exclusively for them

No up-to-date young chap is fond of the conservative styles of his elders, he wants distinctive individuality and he can get it at this store if he is so inclined.

We've some smart models in every style in Summer Clothing.

Their colorings and patterns are strictly in keeping as well.

\$15.00
TO
\$22.50

STRAW HATS—ALL OF THE LATEST MODELS ARE SHOWN.

NECKWEAR OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, SUMMER UNDERWEAR HOSIERY.

EXAMINE OUR STOCK OF SHOES FOR MEN AND BOYS

WE HAVE A COMPLETE STOCK OF TRAVELING BAGS AND TRUNKS.

DANCER BROTHERS.

Crescent Hotel Garage

NOW OPEN AND READY TO GIVE YOU

«SERVICE»

A full line of Accessories, Tires, Oils and Gasoline.

REMEMBER—Open Evenings until 12 o'clock. Distributors for Automobile League of America. ASK ABOUT IT. Free air for your buss at all hours, including Sunday.

Insure your Automobile with the Michigan Mutual Automobile Co.

Cars Washed and Polished at all times.

E. A. Tisch **A. R. Grant**

Don't Be Afraid of Your Banker

When you want to talk over with us your money affairs, don't be afraid to come to the Kempf Commercial & Savings Bank. Remember we want to help you in every way we can. We will give you all the time to talk to us you wish—we will do all in our power to help you—sit down and figure out with you ways and means of helping you. The Kempf Commercial & Savings Bank really wants to help our home people. Why not take us at our word and call and see us?

The Kempf Commercial & Savings Bank
Chelsea, Michigan

LOCAL ITEMS

Herman Gorton is the agent at the Chelsea station of the D. U. R.

The Cytherians were entertained at the home of Mrs. L. T. Freeman Friday.

T. Drislane left at the Standard office the first of the week a fine sample of potatoes that was grown in his garden.

William VanOrden, who is seriously ill of spinal meningitis at the Great Lakes training camp, is reported as being out of danger.

Born, on Saturday, July 14, 1917, to Mr. and Mrs. Clayton Schenk, of Sault Ste. Marie, a son. Mr. Schenk is a son of J. W. Schenk of this place.

The bean weavel is getting in its deadly work in a number of bean fields in this vicinity, and several fields have already been plowed up.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Gorman, who have sold their farm in Lyndon, have moved into the residence on the northeast corner of Middle and East streets.

Clarence Stipe, of Ann Arbor, spent the week end with George Turnbull. He is a member of Co. I, 31st Michigan National Guards, and joined his company Sunday.

Mrs. Sarah Beal, aged 76 years, died at the Old People's Home about 5 o'clock Wednesday afternoon. She had been a member of the home for nearly four years.

Prof. W. D. Henderson, of the U. of M., will deliver the address at the union meeting at the Congregational church Sunday evening. His subject will be "The New Patriotism."

Russell Wheelock, of Lima, reports that some unregenerate cuss stole the meat that he had purchased for his Sunday dinner, from his buggy where he had placed it Saturday night.

No liquor of any kind can be sold to anyone wearing a federal military uniform. This information was forwarded to Prosecuting Attorney Lehman from the federal district judge Monday.

Hail nearly ruined crops in the northern part of Lyndon township, Tuesday afternoon. During the same afternoon a barn belonging to Thos. Young was badly damaged by being struck by lightning.

John Monks, Mr. and Mrs. Michael Heischwerdt and daughter, Lizzie, have returned from an auto trip to Saginaw, Carson City, Lansing and Leslie where they have been guests of relatives and friends.

Thirty attended the sewing meeting of the Red Cross in Maccabee hall Tuesday afternoon. Regular sewing meetings will be held Wednesday and Thursday afternoons. Everyone is welcome to attend these gatherings and assist in this work.

Mrs. C. M. Glenn and Miss Gertrude Storms entertained the Chat'en Sean Club at the home of the former Wednesday evening, and gave a miscellaneous show, honoring Miss Esther Schenk, whose approaching marriage to Mr. Paul Belser is announced to occur Saturday evening.

Richard Monks, aged 52 years, died at his home on Park street, Wednesday, July 18, 1917, after an illness of several months' duration. He is survived by his widow, two children, one brother and two sisters. The funeral will be held Saturday afternoon, Rev. G. H. Whitney officiating.

A bunch of Ann Arbor "guys" broke into the cottage owned by the Crescent Club at Blind Lake and took possession Saturday night. The owners of the club house who reside here, were notified and some of the members of the club went to the lake and gave the fellows just the treatment they deserved.

Theodore Kerstetter, of Jackson who spent the past week at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. Kerstetter, left Saturday for his home where he joined Co. M, 31st Michigan National Guards. The young man is a graduate of the Jackson high school and was in the employ of the Michigan United Railway Co.

Last Sunday was the seventy-third birthday of Charles Steinbach, the oldest business man in Chelsea, he having been in continuous business here for more than forty-five years. His son, Henry Steinbach, and family, of Dexter, and his youngest son, Albert, who is a member of the Sixth Regiment of Engineers, came up and assisted in the proper celebration of the occasion. George Steinbach and family, of Lima, and Albert Litchfield and Mrs. Z. Burr, of Dexter, were callers during the day.

The Red Cross has received a check for \$10 from the Bay View Reading Circle.

Miss Margaret Miller entertained the Five Hundred Club last Thursday evening.

Max Kelly, of Detroit, son of John Kelly of this place, has made application to join the officers reserve corps.

A grand Maccabee rally of the Southern Michigan Maccabee Association will be held at Hague Park, on Thursday, August 9.

The following names have been added to the Red Cross membership this week: James S. Gorman, Miss Agnes Gorman, Mrs. J. T. Woods.

Mr. and Mrs. J. McElroy and children, of Berlin, Wis., have moved to Chelsea, and will make their home with Mrs. M. Howe, of South street.

A couple of Mormon missionaries held forth at the corner of Main and Middle streets Friday evening, but did not seem to be able to draw any crowd.

Hon. Charles S. Winans, who was United States consul at Nuremberg, Bavaria, before the war, arrived in Chelsea today, after an absence of seven years.

The school board met in the office of the high school building, Tuesday evening, and organized with the following officers: President, J. S. Cummings; secretary, L. P. Vogel; treasurer, G. W. Palmer.

County Clerk Smith has announced that all medical examinations for Washtenaw county men selected in the draft for army service, will be held in the supervisors' room of the court house. Dr. Louis Rominger has been appointed assistant to Dr. MacKenzie to examine men selected for army service in the draft. No one is to apply at either Dr. Rominger's or Dr. MacKenzie's office.

Highway Commissioner Loveland has let the jobs of graveling the following pieces of roads: From Edward Klemensneider's corner to Sibley's bridge and from the east Guthrie road to the west Guthrie road to John E. Walk for the sum of \$1.00 per load. From the Schenk school house to Hayes' corner and from B. C. Whitaker's to the Liebeck corner to Fred Notten for the sum of \$1.10 a load.

BREVITIES

ANN ARBOR—Mrs. Minnie Adley is now driving a taxi cab in this city.

YPSILANTI—The exact increase in property valuation in the city of Ypsilanti through the recent visit of the state tax commission is \$1,061,955.

MILAN—The common council has let the contract for the installation of the boulevard system of street lighting in the business portion of the village.

ANN ARBOR—The clock tower of the university library was razed Saturday morning, and by night the last vestige of the old building disappeared. The work of erecting the new library will begin at once.

MILAN—Dogs got into the flock of sheep owned by Will Wanty Sunday night and killed one and bit fourteen quite badly. One dog has been killed and they are watching the flock every night. Owners of dogs are warned to keep their pets shut in at night.—Leader.

YPSILANTI—City Health Officer Floyd Westfall on Saturday notified residents of this city to boil all drinking water as it is contaminated, and contained colon bacilli. At present there are at least six known cases of typhoid fever in the city. The Normal college authorities on Saturday notified all boarding house keepers to boil the water, used for drinking.

JACKSON—James Henderson, general organizer of the machinists' union, is in Jackson to direct the workmen in the Michigan Central railroad shops in the protest against the employment of women in the Jackson plant. It was stated Monday that the railroad will be given until Friday to arrange a meeting between the officials and the workmen. A large number of women are employed in the local shops. The company says that it is difficult to obtain men. A company official said Monday that 100 machinists would be placed at work immediately if they could be obtained.

BROOKLYN—Hog cholera found its way onto the farm of Ed. Parker last week and he has lost several porkers. Dr. W. N. Armstrong, county veterinarian came from Concord and took immediate measures to prevent its spread. All of the pigs on the place were given inoculation of serum by Dr. Palmer which is the treatment advised by Dr. Armstrong. The latter called at the Exponent office and asked that publicity be given the matter and that nearby farmers be urged to exercise proper precautions and to take up the serum treatment which is found to be effective and which costs far less than losing some high priced pigs.—Exponent.



WE HAVE YOUR NEW HAT COME GET IT

BE PARTICULAR ABOUT YOUR HAT: IT IS THE VERY FIRST THING PEOPLE SEE WHEN YOU MEET THEM. NO MAN CAN AFFORD TO WEAR A "SEEDY" OLD HAT. DOING SO MIGHT KEEP YOU FROM GETTING A JOB OR A "RAISE" IN SALARY.

SEE IF YOU DON'T NEED A NEW-STYLE HAT. OURS ARE "ON TAP." SO ARE OUR SNAPPY NEW FURNISHINGS. SHIRTS. TIES. HOSE. UNDERWEAR AND EVERYTHING YOU NEED TO HELP YOU "LOOK GOOD" AND "FEEL GOOD" AND "MAKE GOOD."

Straw Hats

Straw Hats, all the popular shapes..... 75c, \$1.00, \$1.50 and \$2.00
Panama Hats..... \$4.00 and \$5.00
Straw Hats for the Boys and Girls..... 25c and 50c
Cloth Hats, light and cool..... 50c

Shirts and Neckwear

Men's Sport Shirts..... 50c and up to \$1.50
An elegant assortment of soft Dress Shirts for hot weather..... \$1.00 and \$1.50
Everything new in Neckwear..... 25c and 50c.

Silk Hosiery

Silk Hosiery for hot weather, black, white and all colors..... 25c and up to \$1.00

W. P. Schenk & Company

July Clearing Sale

Begins Friday, July 13, and Closes Saturday, July 21

Men's and Boys Straw Hats

Men's \$3.00 Straw Hats..... **\$2.25**
Men's \$2.50 Straw Hats..... **\$1.88**
Men's \$2.00 Straw Hats..... **\$1.50**
Men's \$1.50 Straw Hats..... **\$1.15**
Boys' 50c Straw Hats..... **25c**
Boys' 75c Straw Hats..... **38c**

Fibre Silk Hose

Men's 35c Fibre Silk Hose in black, navy, grey and white, during this sale..... **25c**

Khaki Trousers

Mon's Khaki Trousers, regular price \$1.50, our price..... **\$1.25**

Men's and Boys' Oxfords at Clearing Sale Prices

Men's \$4.50 Oxfords at..... **\$3.50**
Men's \$5.00 Oxfords at..... **\$3.75**
Boys' \$2.50 Oxfords at..... **\$1.88**
Boys' \$3.00 Oxfords at..... **\$2.25**



VOGEL & WURSTER

OUR PREPAID STOCK

is one of the most satisfactory investments it is possible to make. There is nothing safer for we loan only on the highest grade of real estate security. Your money is always available, for it can be withdrawn at any time on a thirty days' notice. It is convenient, for we receive any sum from \$25 up in multiples of that amount. And profitable; there is no entrance or withdrawal charges, not a day of lost time, and it is exempt from taxes. Our rate of 5 per cent is absolutely net to the investor. Checks mailed twice a year.

Ask for our 56th Semi Annual Report and booklet giving full particulars.
CAPITOL SAVINGS & LOAN ASS'N
Lansing, Mich.
Or Call On
W. D. ARNOLD, Local Agent

SHOES

A Full Line of Work Shoes Repairing a Specialty
SCHMID & SON, W. Middle St.

Pres. and Gen. Mgr. Assistant Manager
D. M. Forshee Wm. A. Seery

The Peoples Abstract Company

(The New Company)
Abstracting and Conveyancing
409-10-11 First Nat'l Bank Bldg. Phone 2149
ANN ARBOR, MICH. 50

CAMPS GIVEN NAMES OF HEROES

BATTLE CREEK CANTONMENT WILL BE CALLED AFTER MAJ. GEN. GEORGE A. CUSTER.

NAMED AFTER HEROES OF WARS

The Camp Where Michigan and Wisconsin Troops Mobilize Gets Name "Camp MacArthur."

Washington—Names of American military heroes of past wars, including several Confederate leaders, have been given by the war department to the 32 cantonments in which the national army and the national guard will be mobilized for training.

"Camp Custer," Battle Creek, where the Michigan and Wisconsin new national army troops will train, is named for Maj. Gen. George A. Custer, who commanded a Michigan brigade in the Civil war.

"Camp MacArthur," Waco, Texas, named after Lieut. Gen. Arthur MacArthur, who commanded Wisconsin troops in the Civil war, is the site for the Michigan and Wisconsin national guard organizations.

NEW ORDERS OMIT GRAYLING

The Michigan National Guard Will Go to Waco, Texas.

Lansing—By the first of August or a few days later the Michigan National Guard, which were mobilized at various home stations will be on the way to the concentration camp at Waco, Texas.

Grayling is entirely omitted in the present plans of the war department and no troops will go there until the formation of the reserve depot battalions, which may not be organized for months. They will go to Grayling but the balance of the guard will go south.

In brief, the word was brought to Lansing in advance of the orders by Major Walter Rogers, the quartermaster general of the guard, who returned from Washington.

Major Rogers went to Washington to hurry up additional equipment for the guard. He was convinced that the troops were to go to Grayling for a time at least. He returns flatly that Grayling is not now being considered by the government officials.

"They told me at Washington," said Major Rogers "that about the first of the month, the troops were to be sent south to Waco. The equipment which I was looking for and which I thought would have to be hustled to Grayling in time to help fix the men out there, is on the way now, but it is going to the supply office of each unit."

The only possible delay according to the advice I received, lay in the fact of the Waco concentration camp to be ready. But they insisted it would be ready in time."

SOLDIERS PREPARE FOR WAR

War Department Orders Men Vaccinated Against Germs.

Lansing—The Michigan National Guard has been officially called into the federal service for a tour of duty which will lead overseas.

With the mobilization of the troops of July 15, the boys realize that after a preliminary training at the mobilization camps, the call for duty "Some Where in France" is the next step.

General Covell, of Grand Rapids, heads the list of those called. This list includes infantry, cavalry, artillery, engineers, signal corps and hospital and ambulance companies. In fact the adjutant-general's department, the quartermaster corps and the judge advocate's department are about the only departments not covered in the call. These with the exception of the adjutant-general will be called later. The adjutant-general's duty is in the state, looking after reserve battalions and like matters. Orders were received from the war department directing the vaccination of all men against smallpox, typhoid and paratyphoid fever. This work requires about 12 days and is being done at home stations.

Major Walter Rogers reports everything in good shape at the Grayling camp, with all of the construction nearing completion rapidly. It is not thought that the guard will be sent to Grayling before August 1.

STATE NEWS IN BRIEF

The aid of University of Michigan specialists is being sought in an effort to save the life of the 8-months-old child of Mr. and Mrs. Bert Perry, of Yale, who swallowed a piece of glass has lodged in the child's throat.

Bad Axe—Christopher Graham, 67 years old, for many years a Pere Marquette official, was found dead in bed.

Traverse City—Announcement has been made for a new \$10,000 summer hotel for this city. It will be five stories high and contain 135 rooms. The hotel will be located near the heart of the business section and will be so arranged as to care for winter business as well. A Chicago lessee has been secured. Contracts for the construction of the hotel will be awarded soon.

MICHIGAN NEWS BRIEFS

The Manistee Iron works is to be enlarged and 200 more men employed.

The mayor of Pontiac was instructed by the commission to issue the remaining \$65,000 of the \$275,000 issue of bonds for water works extension.

Thomas Palmer, 23 years old, of Hazel avenue, Detroit, was drowned in Deer lake, near Clarkston, when he stepped from a shallow spot into 40 feet of water while bathing.

The employment bureau organized by the Traverse City chamber of commerce is providing employment for many on farms. The workers come mostly from southern Michigan.

Large delegations went from Grand Rapids and Muskegon to Cass City, Tuscon county, to attend the unveiling of the monument to Horatio S. Earle of Detroit, as the father of good roads.

Samuel Cowell, 46, of Flint was instantly killed when the automobile he was driving went down a steep bank. He lost control of the machine. Two women and three children were in the car.

The monthly report of L. D. Cutcherson, public service director for Grand Rapids, shows that the amount of garbage handled has fallen off nearly half due, it is believed, to the food conservation propaganda.

Mrs. Amelia Kremer, wife of Eugene Kremer, of Louisville, Ky., sustained a lacerated throat cut by the windshield of the automobile in which she and her husband, with their 12-year-old son, Eugene, Jr., were riding near Ypsilanti.

Dynamite or a bomb, placed under the front porch of the frame house occupied by John Gimbeno, his wife and nine children, at 706 East Lafayette avenue, Detroit, exploded, tearing away the porch, battering in the front door, and breaking many windows, but injuring none of the persons within.

Philip Davall, 55 years old, janitor in the plant of the Wels Manufacturing company at Monroe descended by freight elevator from the second floor stopped the elevator, stepped out, and then turned to start the elevator again. It is said, when he was struck by the elevator gate and fell to the basement two stories below. He died a few minutes later.

Manley B. Peters, 84 years old, an attorney at Albion, one of the few from here who heard the Lincoln-Douglas debate, is dead.

With the aid of skeleton key, a saw and a rope, Albert Kindy, 32, and Jerome Newman, 28, two convicts, escaped from the Jackson penitentiary and are still at large.

A course that will fit pastors for rural service was asked of the M. A. C. by the conference of country ministers in session at East Lansing, following a speech by W. W. Diehl, Methodist rural superintendent of the Detroit area.

John Powell, of Charlotte, pulled a gun toward him, muzzle first, and lives to tell about it. He swears he will never do it again. When John drove out to a field to plant some potatoes he laid the loaded gun across the crates. Ready to unload he grabbed the gun and pulled it toward him. It accidentally discharged, the entire load passing under his chin. His throat was burned badly by powder, but otherwise he was unharmed.

Ernest Rogers, 32 years old, Saline, killed himself in a fit of despondency. A brother shot himself a year ago.

Howard De Frenn, of Flint, arrested when he wiped his hands on a flag, signed a public apology and was released.

Jas. B. Ross, prosecuting attorney of Ogemaw county, fell down the hotel stairs at Grayling and was rendered unconscious and his arm broken. Losses in the bean crop of from 10 to 25 per cent by maggot have been reported from Michigan bean growing districts to M. A. C. The ravages of the pest are especially severe in Jackson, Ingham, Branch, Huron and Saginaw counties.

One of the largest recent additions to Saginaw Industries was assured when the Saginaw Shipbuilding Co. was incorporated with a capital stock authorized of \$350,000, of which \$200,000 was subscribed at the time of the incorporation. The plant will employ 1,000 men. It is planned to construct steel ships for the occasion in the beginning and operations will be in charge of experienced men. The plant is to be completed, it is hoped, within four to six months.

O. R. Streeper, 45 years old, Philadelphia, known in circus parlance as "Monko, the missing link," was found dead in his bed at Port Huron. He was traveling with the Parker show. Black of hair and with protruding eyeballs, Streeper bore the appearance of being closely related to the ape family. He was double-shouldered, double-jointed, having six toes on each foot, the great toe being in the center of the foot. Heart trouble is believed to have caused his death.

Farmers owning land in the army reservation at Battle Creek were informed their crops will not be molested unless absolutely necessary. They were promised full indemnities.

To stimulate the raising of gardens in Antrim village the Antrim Iron Co. has plowed and prepared 23 acres of ground near its plant. This acreage has been divided into half-acre lots, which are marked and numbered. They have been distributed among the employees at the actual cost of plowing. Six prizes will be offered for the best gardens.

REICHSTAG LABORS OR LASTING PEACE

ADOPT PEACE RESOLUTION FOR INTRODUCTION UPON REASSEMBLING OF REICHSTAG.

FAVOR INTERNATIONAL TRIBUNAL

Rejects All Plans for Economic Blockade and Stirring Up of Enmity of People's After the War.

TEUTON CHANGES NOW DEVELOPING

Majority of reichstag, composed of centrists, radicals and Socialists, adopt a peace resolution for introduction upon reassembling of that body, in which is enunciated a reaffirmation of policy, excluding territorial addition as a result of war.

Austrian reichstag is thrown into an uproar by former Czech minister, who asserts the hate of the world is centering on Germany, and urges the dual monarchy to withdraw from the Teutonic alliance before it is too late.

Copenhagen—The reichstag's proposed peace resolution which, according to the Berlin Tageblatt, the majority bloc of the center, radicals and socialists, decided to introduce unchanged upon the reassembling of the reichstag, reads as follows:

"As on August 4, 1914, so on the threshold of the fourth year of the war, the German people stands upon the assurance of the speech from the throne—we are driven by no lust of conquest."

"Germany took up arms in defense of its liberty and independence and for the integrity of its territories. The reichstag labors for peace and mutual understanding and lasting reconciliation among the nations."

"Forced acquisitions of territory and political, economic and financial violations are incompatible with such peace."

"The reichstag rejects all plans aiming at an economic blockade and the stirring up of enmity among the peoples after the war. The freedom of the seas must be assured. Only an economic peace can prepare the ground for the friendly association of the peoples."

"The reichstag will energetically promote the creation of international juridical organizations."

"So long, however, as the enemy governments do not accept such a peace; so long as they threaten Germany and her allies with conquest and violation, the German people will stand together as one man, hold out unshaken and fight until the rights of itself and its allies to life and development are secured. The German nation united is unconquerable."

"The reichstag knows that in this announcement, it is at one with the men who are defending the fatherland; in the heroic struggles they are sure of the undying thanks of the whole people."

GERMAN RESERVES CHECK RUSS

Heavy Fighting Rages All Along the Galician Front.

London—Kalusz, the important Galician city 23 miles west of Stanislaw, was abandoned by the Russians as a result of heavy pressure by German reserves, rushed to reinforce the hard-pressed Austrians. Petrograd admits the evacuation, adding that in withdrawing from the left to the right bank of the Lomnica river, the Muscovites took important crossings.

Further south, in the town of Novica, the Teutons made determined counter attacks. At one time they succeeded in occupying the town, but Russian counter attacks swiftly drove them out again. Heavy fighting rages all along the Galician front.

U-BOAT SUNK BY U.S. SCHOONER

The News of Victory Was Given Out By the Vessel's Captain.

An Atlantic Port—A submarine was sunk by an American schooner which sailed from this port for a European port, according to advices received here by the owners of the vessel from its captain. The naval gun crew aboard the schooner was composed of six gunners and a petty officer.

David L. Kingsbury, postmaster at Cassopolis and well known Democratic politician, died very suddenly of heart disease. He was 50 years old and married.

Approximately 1,000 men have joined the organization of state troops to take the place of the Grand Rapids guardsmen called to war.

Muskegon—The nursing of a cub fox which its real mother had attempted to kill because she had more young ones in the litter than she could care for, was too much for a cat, which died at the Tupplin Silver fox farm here after having nursed the young fox for several weeks. The fox is as big as any of the litter and is now able to live without a mother.

MAY SEND MISSION TO U. S. TO NEGOTIATE SUPPLIES FOR ARMY



ELEUTHERIOS VENIZELOS.

Washington—A Greek mission may be sent to the United States, not only to negotiate for supplies for this army, but also to present Greece's situation as to the general world reconstruction after the war. For the present, it is probable Greece will be munitioned by Allies, who have stocks already on hand, but for the future and as far as general credits are concerned, it is probable the Athens government will wish to deal direct with this country.

I. W. W. HEADQUARTERS RAIDED

Americans Armed With Guns Drive Foreigners to Railway Station.

Kansas City, Mo.—Police and militiamen raided newly established I. W. W. headquarters here and confiscated a small arsenal of revolvers and rifles. More than 500 rounds of ammunition also was seized. A score of industrialists were taken into custody and are being held on charges of investigation. Some of them showed a desire to become ugly, but rough handling subdued them.

Drive Foreigners Out.

Flat River, Mo.—About 700 foreign-born laborers were forced out of the St. Francis county lead belt by American-born miners, who insisted that all the foreigners must leave. The Americans, armed with shotguns, and carrying American flags, rushed the foreigners to the railway station every time a train came in. The Americans fired into the air as they herded the foreigners to the trains. No one has been seriously hurt.

Calumet Citizens Ask Aid.

Lansing—A telegram from Calumet citizens asking for aid against a possible I. W. W. uprising after the Michigan guardsmen are called from here, was received by Governor Sleeper. He arranged with the war preparedness board to have three companies of state troops organized at Calumet mustered in. Reports from Menominee and Escanaba indicate that state troop units are being rapidly organized there to quell I. W. W. agitation which is generally feared throughout the copper country.

CHILD SLAIN BY DEGENERATE

Was Found Dead in Rear of His Home; Other Brother Injured.

Detroit—Evidently mistaking Stanley Levine, 6-year-old, for his 5-year-old sister, who was not at home, a man believed to be a degenerate dragged him from his bed through an open window into the yard at the rear of his home, 246 East Ferry avenue, and there suffocated and killed him. While attempting to prevent Isadore, 8 years old, Stanley's brother, from crying for help after he had been awakened by the opening of the window, the man tore the boy's mouth and threatened to kill him if he did not remain quiet. Stranger circumstances surrounding a murder seldom have been found in the police annals of the state. Not a mark of violence is on the boy's body. This strengthens the suffocation theory. Also, the older brother told the police that the man clasped a handkerchief tightly over Stanley's mouth as he carried him through the bedroom window. The murderer made good his escape.

John Earl Hughes, member of the Engineer Reserve corps, was found unconscious on the tracks of the Pere Marquette railroad at Monroe. His skull is fractured and he is in a serious condition.

Grand Rapids—The second contingent of naval militia of Grand Rapids has been sent to an eastern training station.

Cadillac—The lives of a dozen girls employed in the Northern Chair Co. factory were endangered when a fragment of iron blown with a charge of dynamite from a piece of junk entered a window and whistled just above their heads. William Iwpper, a junk dealer, used dynamite to break a large piece of iron near the factory. He was arrested and fined.

GREECE JOINS ENTENTE ALLIES

FORMAL DECLARATION WAS MADE IN PARIS BY GREEK MINISTER.

WILL MOBILIZE ARMY AT ONCE

If Munitions Are Provided for Will Put 300,000 Men in Field.

Washington—Uncertainty as to Greece's status in the world war was cleared away upon the receipt of official information that the Greek government not only has severed relations with all four of the Central powers, but is actually in a state of war with them.

Information has reached the state department that the Greek minister in Paris has notified the French government Greece considers herself a full belligerent, and will act accordingly. He said it was not necessary to issue a formal declaration of war, as the government feels it is bound by the declarations previously issued by Saloniki by Premier Venizelos, who took with him to Athens all the responsibilities and commitments of the temporary Saloniki government.

As a belligerent Greece is expected to lose no time in mobilizing her war resources and joining effectively in the common allied operations in the Balkans. The strength of the Venizelos army is placed at about 60,000 men, and the remnants of the former regular army, while not over 20,000 now, has at times been mobilized to a total of 200,000 men and is capable of reaching 300,000 if munitions are provided.

The regulars practically were demobilized by the Allies when former King Constantine held the organization as a threat to the Allies' rear, but can quickly be called to the colors again.

WRANGLE OVER FOOD BILL

Considerable Progress Was Made On Compromise Amendments.

Washington—A wrangle over President Wilson's appointment of Herbert C. Hoover as food administrator took up considerable time in debates in the senate on the food control bill, but meantime considerable progress on compromise amendments was made by the leaders in bi-partisan conferences.

Among the agreements made at the bi-partisan conference were these: Elimination of cotton, steel, wool, lumber, copper, farming implements, fertilizer, hemp, jute, sisal and various other commodities from the controlled list, leaving only food and fuel.

Retention, with some modifications, of the committee amendment, forbidding members of the national council of defense and advisory committees from buying for the government from concerns in which they are financially interested.

Provision of a food board of three instead of a sole food "dictator."

Modification of the licensing section, somewhat limiting the powers of the administration as originally proposed.

The liquor question, having been disposed through the elimination of whisky, but with no prohibition of beer and light wines, was left undisturbed by the compromise.

640 MILLION PLANE BILL PASSED

House Also Passes Bill to Take Over North Island for Aviation Purposes.

Washington—The war department bill appropriating \$640,000,000 for construction of 22,000 airplanes was passed by the house without a roll call and without a dissenting vote. It was amended only in minor details. At the same time the senate passed the house bill permitting the government to take over the whole of North Island, in the harbor of San Diego, Cal., for aviation purposes. An appropriation has been made of \$500,000, with which to reimburse property owners.

Amendments to the aviation bill adopted by the house included one by Representative Lenroot, of Wisconsin, limiting the broad authorities granted the executive by the present war emergency, and one by Representative Fitzgerald, of New York, providing that enlisted men drafted for the aviation corps shall be within the ages of 21 to 30 inclusive.

Flint—Mrs. Fred Shannagahan, 35 years old, shot and killed her husband, 38 years old, and then killed herself because he "wouldn't mend his ways." Shannagahan was manager of a local cigar store for several years.

Battle Creek—One hundred and thirteen applied here for the officers' training camp at Fort Roots, Ark.

Pontiac—E. LaVerne Davis, 47 years old, died at Prescott, Arizona. The body was brought to Davisburg, his former home. He was intimately known to many prominent stock raisers in Michigan and was in charge of the sheep exhibit at the World's Fair in Chicago. He was for years at the head of the Michigan Premium Stock company, which placed large exhibits at state and county fairs.

MAY DRAFT ALIENS IN GREAT WAR CALL

SENATOR CHAMBERLAIN HAS DRAFTED A MEASURE TO MAKE ALIENS SUBJECT TO DRAW.

INDIVIDUAL CHANCE IS 1 IN 18

Japanese and Italians Are the Only Aliens Exempt Under Treaties With United States.

Washington—As a compromise to senators who have attacked the selective draft bill, claiming it resulted in inequalities in the large industrial cities of the north, two other plans were proposed.

Plan number one calls for the drafting of all registered aliens, except enemy aliens and those exempt by treaties with the United States.

Plan number two provides a reapportionment of the army quotas with the alien registrants left out of consideration.

Plan number one would add 1,000,000 to the number eligible for the drawing, and would change the chance of an individual being drawn from one in 15 to above one in 18.

The only aliens exempt under treaties with the United States are Japanese and Italians.

Senator Chamberlain, chairman of the senate military committee, has drafted the measure to make all aliens, wherever possible, subject to the draw. The senator said he had not discussed the question with administration officials, and probably would not introduce his bill until he had secured some opinion from the White House or the war department.

Meantime, Representative Dent, chairman of the house military committee, submitted to Secretary Baker a bill introduced by Representative Rogers of Massachusetts, proposing to adopt the other alternative regarding aliens. It would provide that the draft quotas be apportioned according to the population of "military eligibles," instead of according to total population, thus excluding aliens from the totals upon which apportionments are made.

"SUFFS" SLEEP IN WORKHOUSE

Sixteen Sent Up for Sixty Days for Picketing White House.

Washington—Sixteen dejected suffragists, sentenced to 60-day terms for picketing the White House, went to bed in the district workhouse at Occoquan, Va., 30 miles below Washington, attired in rough cotton "nighties," amid the odors of the cell house. For 60 nights they will go to bed in the same fashion and for 60 mornings they will awake to a day of labor over the washtubs, in the garden or in the sewing room.

They were given prison garb. No special privileges will be accorded the suffragists. They will miss their silver toilet articles and the comfortable feel of silken lingerie. No delicate luncheons will be sent them and there will be no organ to supply music in the evenings. Assistant Superintendent Ream has decreed that all prisoners look alike to him and that his prison is to be run on democratic principles.

CARSON JOINS WAR CABINET

Relinquished His Post As First Lord of the Admiralty.

London—Sir Edward Carson has relinquished his post as first lord of the admiralty and joined the war cabinet, without portfolio, according to an official announcement of new ministerial appointments. Sir Edward replaces Andrew Bonar Law, chancellor of the exchequer, who has retired from the war cabinet. Sir Edward will be succeeded by Sir Eric Campbell Goddes, former director-general of munitions supply.

Sir Eric was prominent in railroad work for years in Detroit with the B. & O. railroad.

Winston Spencer Churchill succeeds Dr. Christopher Addison as minister of munitions, Dr. Addison becoming a minister without portfolio in charge of reconstruction.

Edwin Samuel Montagu, a former cabinet minister, is made secretary for India.

Indianapolis—Four persons have been killed and property damaged to the extent of more than \$1,000,000, in a series of terrific storms that swept central and southern Indiana. A score of persons were injured, some seriously. Crops, in several sections, were wiped out.

China—Rains have destroyed crops here. Many farmers were compelled to replant and in some places the second crops are covered with water.

Detroit—Two deserters from the Thirty-third Michigan infantry regiment have been imprisoned. Fred LaQuea, Co. K, an Indian cook, who deserted at Grayling Sept. 13, 1916, has been sentenced to serve 15 months at hard labor in Fort Leavenworth prison. Private Joseph Lepeck, of Co. B, who left for 2 days without leave of absence, was sentenced to serve six months.



CAN DEPEND ON DAIRY COWS

Preservation of Milk is as Essential as Production—Keep Out All Disease Germs.

The dairy cow will be called upon to yield her maximum share of the world's food supply during the coming months of war. She can be depended upon for production, but preservation of the milk is man's part. The value of milk is dependent upon the care it receives after it is drawn from the cow. Consequently preservation is as essential as production. Milk is dangerous as human food if it contains disease germs or worthless if it is so loaded with bacteria that its complex food nutrients are partly decomposed. It is equally valueless to the producer and distributor if it sours before it can be put to use.

To prevent the entrance of disease germs into milk, healthy, tuberculin-tested cows free from any sour inflammation or taint are the first essentials. Healthy men, and pure water from a protected well or spring are of second importance. Clean utensils, covered pails and clean cows come next.

Keeping milk sweet is entirely a matter of cleanliness and temperature regulation. Cows free from manure and dirt especially in the region of the udder and flanks; utensils that are carefully cleansed, scalded and dried; and careful protection of the milk from flies and dirt after production, will prevent the entrance of bacteria into milk.

Milk is soured by bacterial development and multiplication. Bacteria cannot reproduce fast enough to sour milk in 24 hours if it is kept below a temperature of 55 degrees Fahrenheit. Therefore, milk should be cooled as soon after production as possible. The easiest and most practical plan of cooling is to sink the cans to the level of the milk in a tub or running spring of cold water and to stir the milk frequently for five or ten minutes until cool. It should be held at or below 55 degrees Fahrenheit if possible until used.

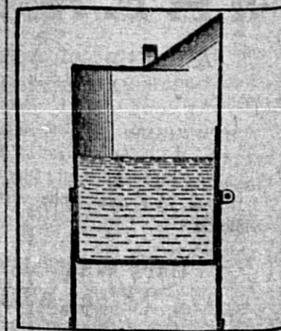
The five essentials for production of first grade milk, as given by Percy Werner, Jr. of the Missouri college of agriculture, are: 1. Healthy cows and men; 2. Clean cows and men; 3. Clean cans and pails; 4. Covered milking pails; 5. Cooling milk to 55 degrees Fahrenheit or below within an hour after production and holding it as low as possible until delivered.

IMPROVEMENT ON MILK PAIL

Arranged to Minimize Possibility of Dirt Entering Milk—Very Simple in Construction.

In illustrating and describing a milk pail, the invention of W. G. Parmelee, 4025 North Kostner avenue, Chicago, the Scientific American says:

The main object of the inventor is to provide a milk pail which minimizes the possibility of dirt entering the



Improved Milk Pail.

milk, as from the switching of the cow's tail, which prevents the milk from reaching the milk, which is convenient for carriage, which serves as a seat for the milk, which is very simple in construction, highly efficient in use, and thoroughly practical, and which is comparatively inexpensive.

COMPLETE RATION FOR COWS

Animal Weighing Approximately 1,000 Pounds Should Be Given Wide Variety of Feeds.

A complete ration for a cow weighing approximately 1,000 pounds may be made by feeding one pound of grain mixture for every three or four pounds of milk produced in addition to: (1) 30 pounds of corn silage and 10 pounds of hay (clover or alfalfa preferred), or (2) 30 pounds roots and 15 pounds of hay, or (3) 8 pounds dried beet pulp soaked 12 to 24 hours prior to feeding and 10 pounds of hay, or (4) 20 pounds of hay with 1 to 2 pounds of oilmeal added to her grain.

RAISE BEST HEIFER CALVES

Good Cows Are Becoming Scarce and High in Price—Young Animals Will Replace Them.

It pays to raise the heifer calves from cows of high producing ability as good cows are becoming scarce and high in price. These heifers can then replace any cows that may not be paying well and the cows when sold will bring a good price and add to the farm income.

Patricia

The Great Romance of Preparedness

Louis Joseph Vance

NOVELIZATION OF THE MOTION PICTURE PLAY OF THE SAME NAME. PRODUCED FOR THE INTERNATIONAL FILM SERVICE, INC., UNDER THE DIRECTION OF WHARTON, INC. COPYRIGHT, STAR COMPANY

THE CAST.

MRS. VERNON CASTLE as Patricia Channing.
MILTON SILLS as Donald Parr.
WARNER OLAND as Baron Huroki.
DOROTHY GREEN as Fanny Adair.

SYNOPSIS.

Baron Huroki, chief of the Japanese secret service in America, conspiring to embroil the United States with Mexico, desires control of the great Channing munitions plants owned by Patricia—last of "The Fighting Channings"—and sole executrix of the \$10,000,000 trust secretly created by patriotic progenitors to combat the national peril inherent in "unpreparedness." His schemes failing through the opposition of Patricia and her fiancé, Capt. Donald Parr, Huroki in revenge causes the destruction by fire of vast stores of munitions in the Channing freight yards near Bayonne—a holocaust in which Patricia and Donald escape annihilation by the narrowest of chances.

NINTH EPISODE

Cat's Paw and Scapegoat.

That night had been sultry, a night of heat rendered the more oppressive by humidity, a true Manhattan night of August. But the day that followed broke upon the uneasy city in dawn-light so pitilessly clear that at least one belated wayfarer, half dazed by senses suddenly stirring to appreciate that the friendly clank of darkness was no more for him, was seized with a little fit of shivering, as if chilled.

His trembling fingers strove to draw together the front of his coat, a fruitless effort. Looking down angrily, he discovered a wine-spattered expanse of white gapping between the edge of his dress coat—something, of course, not built to be buttoned.

Mumbling pettishly an inane oath, the belated one glanced furtively round to see whether, by mischance, anybody else were abroad to be a witness to the witnessess; then, reassured to find himself the lonely tenant of an empty side street, pulled himself together after a fashion and resumed a desultory course toward his lodgings.

This was the figure, in the role of rejected suitor for the hand of Patricia Channing, cut by Mr. Rodney Wrenn—in his sober senses not inaptly to be termed a gentleman.

As his struggling feet wove their unceremonious way upon the sidewalk, a motor car of the touring type overtook him, rounded the next corner, and disappeared. Mr. Wrenn was aware of its transit, but was likewise sufficiently aware of his condition to wish not to be seen, even by strangers. He held his face averted till the car had passed. Had he looked up he would have recognized the face of the woman he loved, or thought he loved, but the recognition would have been one-sided.

She lay, with eyes closed, as if she slept, in the arms of Capt. Donald Parr, her head pillowed on his shoulder.



Donald Wrested the Instrument From Her.

ers, her body enveloped in a coarse, damp blanket, her hair in a disorderly tangle framing a face whose pallor was the shade of parchment.

Captain Parr was scarcely less pale, though his eyes were open wide and his face set in a cast of grave solicitude for the woman in his arms.

With him in the touring car were two operatives of Miss Channing's recently organized secret intelligence bureau—Mr. Ryley and a subordinate, both showing the effects of an experience scarcely less trying than that which Miss Channing and Captain Parr had patently undergone.

If any of these identified the man in the street as Mr. Wrenn, he kept it to himself.

After an indeterminate duration in his befuddled consciousness, he found himself unexpectedly at home, the door to his sitting room shutting out the wakening world.

He shivered again, bethought him of a certain decanter whose contents ought to provide temporary relief for jangled nerves, and in search for it came abruptly upon a framed photograph which decorated his study table.

The face that was pictured therein was the face of Patricia, smiling, exquisite, provokingly coquettish.

A phase of mock sobriety possessed the mind of Rodney Wrenn as he stared up the photograph and stood stricken hungrily at it.

He recalled a day that was scarcely six weeks old, when Patricia, the self-same girl whose counterfeit presentment was smiling into his eyes, had seemed to be wholly his, pledged to become his bride by an understanding no less complete if tacit.

They had been light-hearted lovers on that day, and on many a day that had gone before.

Then, in a twinkling, Donald Parr had stepped between them.

In the opinion of Rodney his subsequent sufferings had aged him swiftly to full manhood. But he was herein self-deluded; he remained a boy, of man's stature but of youthful mentality. As he was presently to prove.

His look grew still more morose as he reviewed the events which had followed the coming of Captain Parr.

There had been a brief time when Donald had seemed to be high in the favor of the girl. So constantly were the two together that the gossip of Newport had excusably bruited their engagement. And that was something which Rodney, for all his resentment, had been able to understand. The boyish hero-worship which he had always accorded Donald Parr still maintained its sway upon his thoughts. It was quite conceivable that the girl should become—perhaps only temporarily—influenced with such a man.

But all the time she was changing, her very nature was changing incomprehensibly. Hardly had society settled itself to accept Captain Parr as the fortunate suitor when, following one of Patricia's business trips to New York, all that was off. Donald was in deep disfavor and Baron Huroki, that sly, suave Japanese, and his constant associate, Senor Juan de Lima, the lanky, crude Mexican millionaire, were constantly at Patricia's elbows, with Fanny Adair forming a triumvirate of her intimates.

Coincident had been the banishment of Rodney and his mother, who since Patricia's childhood had stood in loco parentis to the girl, managing her several households in town and county, supervising her education, chaperoning her social life.

And now, but a few weeks later—weeks unmarked by any token of contrition from Patricia or even of remembrance of their existence—the papers were publishing formal announcement of her betrothal to Juan de Lima!

It was all incredible to Rodney. Such heartlessness, such inconstancy, such comprehension.

Rage clouded his wits and senses. "Jade!" he muttered sullenly.

Headless of risk to his hands, he shattered the glass in the frame with a blow of his fist, ripped out the photograph, and tore it across and again.

Then, as the fragments fell to the floor, he sank into a chair, dropped his head on a forearm on the table, and sobbed gustily.

Almost immediately he fell asleep. At precisely the same time Donald was carrying the semi-conscious girl into the sitting room of his own lodgings, his assistant Ryley hovering in attendance, ready to lend assistance if needed—or permitted.

The door was opened by a half-frantic woman of middle age—Patricia's maid—who took the girl to her maternal bosom as soon as Parr relinquished her.

"Oh, my dearie!" she cried. "Where have you come from in such a state?" "Out of the jaws of death, out of the mouth of hell," Parr answered for Patricia. "If you had obeyed orders, Anne, and stayed awake till she was asleep, this would never have happened. She followed me to the Bayonne docks last night; there was a fire—caused by those accursed Japs—and we were caught in it. How we escaped—ask Ryley. I don't know."

"But don't stand there, staring. Get Miss Channing to bed immediately—get her out of those wet clothes and wrap her up warmly. Don't talk! Do as I bid you!"

The girl had revived sufficiently to walk. As, supported by the maid, she disappeared in the direction of the bedroom, Parr turned to Ryley.

"It's six," he announced, taking out his watch. "Don't sleep till you get hold of a magistrate and swear out warrants for the arrest of Huroki and De Lima on charges of criminal conspiracy, and causing the Bayonne explosion. Bring the warrants here to me at one o'clock. I'll execute them

personally and with bitter vengeance." "At what time?" "One o'clock—I must get a little sleep." "To your hotel?" "No—here. I'll call here about twelve-thirty to take Miss Channing to breakfast. If we're not in, Anne will tell you where to find us." "Very good, Captain Parr."

The door closed behind Ryley. Too tired to think, unconscious even of the fact that he still held his watch between thumb and forefinger, Donald dropped into a chair to await Anne's return. Naturally, it was impossible for him to leave before he received first-hand assurance that Patricia was resting comfortably. His eyes closed. He was instantly asleep.

It was high noon when he awoke. Profoundly fatigued as he had been, a constitution inured to all manner of hardship and fatigue had profited tremendously by those scanty hours of repose. If his muscles ached a trifle from resting in an unaccustomed pose, his head was clear and all his faculties alert almost with his first blink.

He started to his feet with an exclamation of dismay; by the watch that remained in his grasp the hour was twelve.

"The deuce!" he grumbled anxiously. "It was too bad; to have turned himself out of his lodgings to provide Patricia with a safe hiding place from Huroki, to have moved ostentatiously to a hotel in order to forestall evil-minded gossip if it ever should by mischance transpire that the girl had used his rooms, and then to have this happen! Nothing, not even the utmost liberality in the matter of tipping, would prevail to stop the tongues of the hall attendants from clacking!"

And it couldn't be remedied. "Why didn't you awake me?" he demanded angrily of Anne when that one appeared from the direction of the bedroom.

"You were so tired, poor dear!" she told him, with a beaming affection that

caller, one to be got rid of with all possible haste. "And De Lima?" "At last accounts, still abed in his hotel. If Huroki's planning an evasion, he evidently means to leave De Lima to shift for himself." Here are the warrants," Ryley pursued, delivering the papers, "and here's a note that came for you just as I stopped at the house to ask Anne where to find you. Thought perhaps I'd better bring it along."

"Thank you." With a word of apology to Patricia, Donald opened the note. Written in Rodney's unsteady hand, it read as follows:

Dear Don: I'm frightfully sorry I was such an ass. I ought to have known better. But I'm so broken up about Patricia and everything I couldn't see straight. As soon as I get over this katezjammer, I'm going to ask her to forgive me. For the present, I must ask you not only to overlook my boorishness but to help me out of a bad scrape I'm in.

It's a woman, and it isn't my fault. I'm in wrong—that's all. Only it'll get me in bad all round if anything gets into the papers. Please don't say anything to anybody—just come secretly to this address as soon as you can.

Respectfully yours, Rodney.

The address was written below the signature: "Hotel Baltimore. Ask for me by my name."

Thoughtfully, Donald refolded and pocketed the note. He was fond of Rodney, and could not refuse the boy's request. At the same time, its urgency complicated matters a trifle.

Summoning the waiter, he settled his account. "Please take Miss Channing back to my rooms," he requested Ryley. "Then go on to Huroki's. I'll join you there in the course of half an hour or so. Don't do anything pending my arrival."

The Baltimore was well-known to Donald by unsavory repute.

A sardonic clerk delivered Captain Parr to the guidance of a cynic bell-boy, who left him at the door of a room on the fifth floor. His knock was answered by a handsome creature of some thirty animated years, a woman whose complete self-possession and alluring negligence assorted well with the implications latent in Rodney's note.

"Captain Parr?" Her tones were as professionally dulcet as her smile was worldlywise. Donald bowed coolly.

"I am looking for Mr. Wrenn."

"He is expecting you. Won't you please come in?"

Donald entered. The woman closed the door and paused momentarily with back to it. He swung around sharply, suspecting that she had turned the key and withdrawn it—for the first time, suspecting that Rodney's note might have been a forgery.

"Where is Mr. Wrenn?" he demanded.

"He was called away unexpectedly, but will be back at any moment. Please sit down."

"Thank you—no."

Donald moved quickly to the door. The woman sought to interpose herself between him and it, but he was too quick. A twist of the handle confirmed his surmise; he was locked in with this dangerous animal.

"Be good enough," he said brusquely, "to open without delay."

"But surely you can wait—"

"I have no time to waste. Do as I say!"

"Am I so repulsive, then?"

He shrugged impatiently. "I'm in no mood for nonsense. Open that door!"

"But listen to me . . ."

She came closer, with a sudden like movement threw herself upon him, arms clasping his neck.

"You're right, it is a plant, dearie. Mr. Wrenn isn't here—won't be. I sent you that note because I'm mad about you—wanted to get you here—"

"Oh—rot!" Donald ejaculated in disgust; and breaking her hold, threw her from him. "I'll give you one minute to unlock that door!"

For an answer he received a mocking laugh.

"Do you hear?" he asked.

She laughed again. Impatiently he turned from her and looked round the room for something to aid him to break open the door. A stand of fire-irons near the chimney-piece offered a substantial brass poker. Seizing this, he made for the door. Behind his back, the woman seized the telephone and screamed into the transmitter.

"Help! Help! A strange man has me locked in here!"

By the time she had said that much, Donald had wrested the instrument from her.

She relinquished it without much resistance, then darting beyond his reach, paused and again laughed in his face while hurriedly disordering her hair and attire in such manner as to indicate a struggle.

This time Donald answered her laugh with a quiet smile.

"Well," he said, dropping the poker, "you've got me—Mrs. Mayne!"

That was a shot at random, suggested by sudden suspicion; but it told. The woman's hands fell limp; she stared and gasped.

"How did you know?"

He gave a gesture, signifying that her question was immaterial. At the same instant a thunder of heavy blows sounded on the door, and it yielded to a passkey, admitting three sturdy and willing porters.

They made for Donald in a concerted rush, but only to bring up with lifted hands at the point of his pistol. "Easy!" he ordered. "Steady! Into that room there—all of you. Step lively, and don't crowd! You, too, Mrs. Mayne!"

Herding the quartette into the adjoining bedroom, he locked its door, and tossed the key out of the open

got away from us so easily this time." "And De Lima?" "At last accounts, still abed in his hotel. If Huroki's planning an evasion, he evidently means to leave De Lima to shift for himself." Here are the warrants," Ryley pursued, delivering the papers, "and here's a note that came for you just as I stopped at the house to ask Anne where to find you. Thought perhaps I'd better bring it along."

"Thank you." With a word of apology to Patricia, Donald opened the note. Written in Rodney's unsteady hand, it read as follows:

Dear Don: I'm frightfully sorry I was such an ass. I ought to have known better. But I'm so broken up about Patricia and everything I couldn't see straight. As soon as I get over this katezjammer, I'm going to ask her to forgive me. For the present, I must ask you not only to overlook my boorishness but to help me out of a bad scrape I'm in.

It's a woman, and it isn't my fault. I'm in wrong—that's all. Only it'll get me in bad all round if anything gets into the papers. Please don't say anything to anybody—just come secretly to this address as soon as you can.

Respectfully yours, Rodney.

The address was written below the signature: "Hotel Baltimore. Ask for me by my name."

Thoughtfully, Donald refolded and pocketed the note. He was fond of Rodney, and could not refuse the boy's request. At the same time, its urgency complicated matters a trifle.

Summoning the waiter, he settled his account. "Please take Miss Channing back to my rooms," he requested Ryley. "Then go on to Huroki's. I'll join you there in the course of half an hour or so. Don't do anything pending my arrival."

The Baltimore was well-known to Donald by unsavory repute.

A sardonic clerk delivered Captain Parr to the guidance of a cynic bell-boy, who left him at the door of a room on the fifth floor. His knock was answered by a handsome creature of some thirty animated years, a woman whose complete self-possession and alluring negligence assorted well with the implications latent in Rodney's note.

"Captain Parr?" Her tones were as professionally dulcet as her smile was worldlywise. Donald bowed coolly.

"I am looking for Mr. Wrenn."

"He is expecting you. Won't you please come in?"

Donald entered. The woman closed the door and paused momentarily with back to it. He swung around sharply, suspecting that she had turned the key and withdrawn it—for the first time, suspecting that Rodney's note might have been a forgery.

"Where is Mr. Wrenn?" he demanded.

"He was called away unexpectedly, but will be back at any moment. Please sit down."

"Thank you—no."

Donald moved quickly to the door. The woman sought to interpose herself between him and it, but he was too quick. A twist of the handle confirmed his surmise; he was locked in with this dangerous animal.

"Be good enough," he said brusquely, "to open without delay."

"But surely you can wait—"

"I have no time to waste. Do as I say!"

"Am I so repulsive, then?"

He shrugged impatiently. "I'm in no mood for nonsense. Open that door!"

"But listen to me . . ."

She came closer, with a sudden like movement threw herself upon him, arms clasping his neck.

"You're right, it is a plant, dearie. Mr. Wrenn isn't here—won't be. I sent you that note because I'm mad about you—wanted to get you here—"

"Oh—rot!" Donald ejaculated in disgust; and breaking her hold, threw her from him. "I'll give you one minute to unlock that door!"

For an answer he received a mocking laugh.

"Do you hear?" he asked.

She laughed again. Impatiently he turned from her and looked round the room for something to aid him to break open the door. A stand of fire-irons near the chimney-piece offered a substantial brass poker. Seizing this, he made for the door. Behind his back, the woman seized the telephone and screamed into the transmitter.

"Help! Help! A strange man has me locked in here!"

By the time she had said that much, Donald had wrested the instrument from her.

She relinquished it without much resistance, then darting beyond his reach, paused and again laughed in his face while hurriedly disordering her hair and attire in such manner as to indicate a struggle.

This time Donald answered her laugh with a quiet smile.

"Well," he said, dropping the poker, "you've got me—Mrs. Mayne!"

That was a shot at random, suggested by sudden suspicion; but it told. The woman's hands fell limp; she stared and gasped.

"How did you know?"

He gave a gesture, signifying that her question was immaterial. At the same instant a thunder of heavy blows sounded on the door, and it yielded to a passkey, admitting three sturdy and willing porters.

They made for Donald in a concerted rush, but only to bring up with lifted hands at the point of his pistol. "Easy!" he ordered. "Steady! Into that room there—all of you. Step lively, and don't crowd! You, too, Mrs. Mayne!"

Herding the quartette into the adjoining bedroom, he locked its door, and tossed the key out of the open

window an instant before three policemen entered. At sight of these Donald quietly showed the badge of a special officer of the New York police department.

"You'll find the people you want in there," he said, jerking his thumb toward the bedroom door. "Take the



"Be Quiet, You Young Idiot!"

four of them to the station-house and don't let them go till you've put the fear of the law into their hearts."

He walked out, summoned the elevator, and paused on his way through the lobby long enough to communicate confidentially with the sardonic clerk.

"Just one more break like that, my friend," he said, smiling sweetly, "and you'll lose your license. Remember I have warned you."

Without waiting for response, Donald left the hotel.

As he did so, a taxicab drew up at the carriage block and Rodney Wrenn jumped out and turned to help Patricia, who uttered a little cry of pleasure at sight of her betrothed—a cry that, drawing Rodney's attention to Donald, struck the former limp with surprise and dismay.

"Why, Don! I didn't expect to find you here! Rodney persuaded me to come with him to see Mother Wrenn and—"

"Just wait!" Donald interrupted, signaling the taxi-man. To Rodney he said quietly:

"Do I understand you told Patricia your mother was stopping at this hotel? Or is the truth of the matter that Huroki put you up to this trick, and you brought Patricia here to see me led away under arrest—disgraced?"

The boy could neither find words to answer him with or endure his eyes, but stood with head bowed in shame.

Still no answer; but Donald knew that he had guessed shrewdly at the truth.

"Come, dear," Donald said to Patricia, and assisted her to re-enter the cab.

Within ten minutes they joined Ryley at the corner of that quiet street in the Murray Hill quarter.

"You're just in time," he informed them; "the trap is ready to spring. Nobody has come out since Huroki returned over an hour ago; but De Lima has just gone in."

"Did he see you, or suspect—?"

"I think not. Only one thing worries me; he used a passkey to open the front door after ringing the bell several times and getting no answer."

"Get your men together. We'll waste no more time."

Ryley's whistle brought up half a dozen men, plain-clothes detectives and subordinates of Patricia's private force. Together they moved toward the modest little residence in the middle of the block.

As they approached, Donald, searching its windows with suspicious eyes, detected a face at one—a face that peered out furtively, then disappeared. The brief glimpse he got of it reminded him of De Lima—a badly frightened and bewildered De Lima.

Then they were at the door. One of the men produced a stout jimmy and stooped to apply it to the lock.

Simultaneously a frightful detonation thundered within the building. It rocked upon its foundations. The glass panels of the door broke and fell outwards, shattered by the force of the explosion.

When Donald's party was able to enter, the entire interior of the house was found to be in ruins, completely demolished by dynamite.

Near the front door the body of De Lima lay, pinned between two great timbers, his back broken; the man's death had been mercifully instantaneous.

Further investigation established the fact that Huroki and his creatures, making their escape by way of a secret passage to a house on the downtown side of the block, had planted an infernal machine at the mouth of the passage, so wired that the first attempt to follow would bring about the explosion.

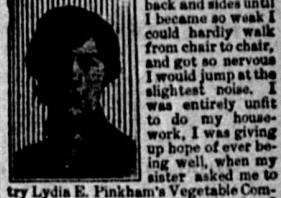
De Lima, arriving too late to accompany the fugitives, and seeking to escape the police, had thus been left to bring about his own annihilation.

(END OF NINTH EPISODE.)

MRS. KIESO SICK SEVEN MONTHS

Restored to Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Aurora, Ill.—"For seven long months I suffered from a female trouble, with severe pains in my back and sides until I became so weak I could hardly walk from chair to chair, and got so nervous I would jump at the slightest noise. I was entirely unfit to do my housework, I was giving up hope of ever being well, when my sister asked me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I took six bottles and today I am a healthy woman able to do my own housework. I wish every suffering woman would try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and find out for themselves how good it is."—Mrs. CAROL A. KIESO, 536 North Ave., Aurora, Ill.



The great number of unsolicited testimonials on file at the Pinkham Laboratory, many of which are from time to time published by permission, are proof of the value of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, in the treatment of female ills.

Every ailing woman in the United States is cordially invited to write to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential), Lynn, Mass., for special advice. It is free, will bring you health and may save your life.

DEVELOPING ANY SIZE ROLL 10¢ BLACK'S

Aggravating the Fault. "When I say a thing I mean it!" exclaimed the emphatic man. "But sometimes," replied Miss Cayenne, "that only makes it worse!"

The organizers of the Capitol Petroleum Company have now contracted for the drilling of the first well on their 207-acre oil tract in Kansas. Stock now only 2 cents a share while it lasts, one-fifth cash, balance four monthly payments, or 5% discount for all cash. Make all remittances to The Securities Finance & Investment Co., Fiscal Agents, 323 Foster Bldg., Denver, Colo. Adv.

Hush Money. Miss Eleanor Munro, niece of former Postmaster Bryson, had an interesting experience while acting as a member of the "flying squadron" of the Red Cross, says the Indianapolis News.

Miss Munro was one of a machine load of workers canvassing the rural routes west of the city. At one home on the Maywood road, Miss Munro alighted and seeing several men in the carriage shed back of the house, proceeded in that direction, determined to make her appeal to the purse holding part of the family. Soon the other occupants of her machine heard sounds indicating some presumably humorous situation, and soon Miss Munro emerged from the shed and showed to her companions a double handful of bills and small change. "Six dollars," she exclaimed, laughing, "and how do you suppose I got it? I ran into a keg of beer and a poker game, and in order to get rid of me posthaste, they gave me everything on the board."

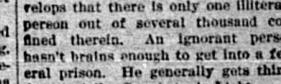
Where Bright Men Congregate. A census of Leavenworth prison develops that there is only one illiterate person out of several thousand confined therein. An ignorant person hasn't brains enough to get into a federal prison. He generally gets thirty days in jail.—San Antonio Light.

Not Necessarily. "They must have led a hollow life, they must?" "Who must?" "Those cavemen."

Instant Postum

A table drink that has taken the place of coffee in thousands of American homes.

"There's a Reason"



Delightful flavor Rich aroma Healthful Economical Sold by grocers everywhere.



A POPULAR SUMMER RESORT. Right here in your midst today! Attractions—Cleanliness, Coolness and Economy. Why should you go away? Our delicious Ice Cream and Ice Cold Summer Drinks will keep you cool.

THE SUGAR BOWL. Will the Bonanzas get your poultry?—Not if you feed Charcoal! Every chick raised—just feed a little every day. COSTS 8 CENTS A YEAR. Per sale by HOLMES & WALKER.

H. M. ARMOUR. Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist. Fourteen years experience. Also general auto repairing. Phone 51. Residence, 119 West Middle street, Chelsea.

A. L. STEGER, Dentist. Office, Kempf Bank Block, Chelsea, Michigan. Phone, Office, 67, 2; Residence, 82, 37.

STIVERS & KALMBACH, Attorneys at Law. General law practice in all courts. Notary Public in the office. Office in Hatch-Durand block, Chelsea, Michigan. Phone 63.

C. C. LANE, Veterinarian. Office at Chas. Martin's Livery Barn. Phone No. 5 W. Call answered day or night.

GEORGE W. BECKWITH, Real Estate Dealer. Money to Loan. Life and Fire Insurance. Office in Hatch-Durand block, Chelsea, Michigan.

S. A. MAPES, Funeral Director and Embalmer. Fine Funeral Furnishings. Calls answered promptly night or day. Chelsea, Michigan. Phone 6.

JAMES S. GORMAN, Attorney at Law. Office, Middle street east, Chelsea, Michigan.

H. D. WITHERELL, Attorney at Law. Offices, Freeman block, Chelsea, Michigan.

E. W. DANIELS, General Auctioneer. Satisfaction Guaranteed. For information call at The Standard office, or address Gregory, Michigan, r. 1, d. 2. Phone connections. Auction bills and tin cases furnished free.

Neighbor Told Her Cure for Lumbago. Rheumatism and lumbago are awful things and cause great pain and misery, but Foley Kidney Pills can root them. Mrs. G. H. Eveland, Duncan Mills, Ill., writes the following letter: 'I was stricken down with lumbago and was unable to turn myself in bed. A neighbor brought me a half bottle of Foley Kidney Pills, and said she had been similarly afflicted and that they had helped her. So I tried them and was completely relieved by the use of two or three bottles. I have had splendid success with them and have never known them to fail. I most heartily recommend Foley Kidney Pills. Foley Kidney Pills tone up weak, inactive, sluggish kidneys, rid the body of poisons, give appetite, energy and refreshing sleep after pain. Don't neglect kidney trouble. Remove the cause with Foley Kidney Pills. Sold Everywhere in Chelsea.

Use the TRAVELERS RAILWAYGUIDE. PRICE 25 CENTS. 431 S. DEARBORN ST., CHICAGO

MR. FARMER. If you are not using the STANDARD WANT ADS you're a heavy loser. Find a buyer for your produce, livestock or tools that you do not need. Sell your farm or find farm help. The cost is small—results are sure.

CORRESPONDENCE

LIMA TOWNSHIP NEWS.

Mr. and Mrs. J. P. McMillen and friends motored to Whitmore Lake Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. Henry Mayer spent Friday with their daughter, Mrs. John Gray, of Freedom. Mrs. Mary Bollinger has returned home from Tiffin, Ohio, where she spent last week with friends. Miss Ethel Whipple is spending a few days at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Derbyshire and family, of Willis. Mr. and Mrs. Derbyshire and children, of Willis, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Mason Whipple and family. Mrs. Ruby Lillibridge and granddaughter, of Detroit, are visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. F. McMillen. W. J. Beach, who purchased the old school house in what is known as the Beach district, is having the building moved to his residence where he will convert it into a henhouse.

LYNDON ITEMS

Mrs. H. T. McKone spent last week in Jackson. Miss Adorna Daly spent the week end in Chelsea. Mrs. M. Harker visited her sister, Mrs. Thos. Ready, the past week. Mrs. B. McEnany, of Manchester, is spending this week with Mrs. M. Harker. Mrs. Jane Cooper and grandson, DeLancy Cooper, are visiting relatives in Rochester. Mrs. Abbie Lecke and grandson, Lecke McCrow, are spending some time at her farm here. Several from here attended the ball game at Dexter Sunday between the Lyndon and Dexter teams. Final score 8 to 5 in favor of Lyndon. Mr. and Mrs. Owen McIntee, of Sylvan, and Geo. Gibberton and T. Coyn, of Detroit, spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Howard Collings.

NORTH LAKE NOTES.

Mrs. Delsenroth and family spent Saturday in Jackson. Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Tremmel spent Friday with relatives in Detroit. Mrs. Matilda Glenn, of Unadilla, visited relatives here part of last week. Miss Lucille Brown spent the week end with her cousin, Miss Marion Smith, of Marion. Levi Fewless, of Fowlerville, spent part of last week at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Brown. Mrs. Mary Heatley, of Detroit, is spending some time at the home of her son, Leo Heatley, here. Mr. and Mrs. Harry Reade, of Webster, visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Emory Reade recently. Mr. and Mrs. Henry Gilbert, Miss Ivah Mohrlok and Wm. Hanksers spent Sunday with friends in Webster. Mr. and Mrs. Graham Birch and son Anthony, were week end guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Devine, of Webster. Mrs. J. Heim and daughter Loretta and Misses Ruth and Gertrude Leibel visited at the home of Mrs. Jas. Harker Friday. Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Hudson and sons Norman and Herbert, and Miss J. M. Harker were Dansville and Banker Hill visitors Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. C. Glenn and daughter, Misses Clarice Wright and V. Hammond, of Chelsea, spent Friday afternoon with Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Hudson. Mr. and Mrs. R. D. Walker and daughters, Misses Jennie and Josephine, Rev. and Mrs. P. W. Dierberger and children, of Chelsea, were guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Baird Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hinchey entertained at their home Sunday Mr. and Mrs. L. T. Lamborn and daughter Beatrice, of Iosco, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Whitehead, of Gregory, Orla and Glenn Hinchey, of Pinckney, and Mr. and Mrs. John Hinchey and daughter Mary of this place. Prof. Webster H. Pearce, of Ypsilanti, and his corps of entertainers will present a program of fun for all at the North Lake church, Thursday evening, July 26. An expert sleight of hand performer will have some surprises for all. Come out for an evening of fun and rest. Admission 25 cents. Miss Cora Swingle, of Ann Arbor, will give a demonstration of canning fruits and vegetables at North Lake Grange hall, Tuesday afternoon, July 24, at 2:30 o'clock. All women interested in canning are invited to attend. Bring vegetables to be can. Ice cream and cake will be served at the close of the demonstration.

FREEDOM ITEMS.

Mrs. Gehrhart Esch is confined to her home by illness. Mr. and Mrs. John Wenk, and Mrs. Joseph Wenk and mother attended the funeral of Mrs. Albert Wenk at Ann Arbor Saturday. Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Koengeter and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Carl Eschelbargh and family, Mrs. Klumpp, of Mt. Pleasant, Mrs. Geo. Wacke, Mr. Wacke and Miss Saus, of Lansing, spent Sunday with Mrs. Charles Koengeter.

WATERLOO DOINGS.

August Koels returned to his home here Friday. Mrs. D. N. Collins is spending a few days in Stockbridge. Miss Beatrice Heilmer visited her parents in Howard City the first of the week. Misses Alice and Marie Armstrong, of Jackson, are spending this week with their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Rommel. The young people of the U. B. church will hold an ice cream social at the home of Rev. and Mrs. Rhoades on Wednesday evening, July 25.

NORTH FRANCISCO.

Mrs. Minnie Gage spent Monday in Chelsea. Mrs. Ada Mensing is spending a few days at Mt. Pleasant. Edgar Holden was a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. Harvey Sunday. Miss Edith Milltzer, of Toledo, spent Sunday at the home of Miss Ricka Kalmbach. Mr. and Mrs. H. Bau, of Ann Arbor, spent Sunday with Rev. and Mrs. G. C. Nohdurt. Joseph Walz and family called at the homes of H. J. Lehman and H. Harvey Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. Rex Dorr, of Grass Lake, spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. James Richards. Mrs. Emmett Dancer, of Chelsea, is spending a few days at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. Notten. Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Main and Mr. and Mrs. Eric Notten spent Sunday with Wm. Marsh and family near Munnith. Mr. and Mrs. Ashley Holden, of Highland Park, spent the week end at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Harvey. The next meeting of the Francisco Arbor of Gleaners will be held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Rank. Scrub lunch. Mr. and Mrs. G. L. Schaffer and Mr. and Mrs. H. B. O'Hagan, of Detroit, spent last week in the Hoppe cottage at Crooked Lake. Mr. and Mrs. Michael Merkel, Mrs. Lena McLaughlin and Marie Kelly spent last week Wednesday with Mr. and Mrs. H. B. O'Hagan at Crooked Lake.

FRANCISCO VILLAGE.

Mrs. Frank Helle was a Grass Lake visitor Friday. Henry Phelps, of Jackson, spent Sunday with Ed. Seckinger. Mr. and Mrs. Geo. H. Bohne entertained friends from Stockbridge Sunday. Mrs. George Fausser left Thursday to spend a week with relatives in Ohio. Miss Nina Holbert, of Cleveland, is spending a week with Mrs. Algernon Richards. Miss Dorothy Notten spent part of last week with Mrs. Will Horning, of South Francisco. Mrs. John Benter and children, of Cavanaugh Lake, spent Friday with relatives in Francisco. Mrs. Henry Plowe went to Ann Arbor Thursday to visit her niece, Mrs. Dell Hammond, who is ill. Mrs. Martha Keeler was called to Leslie Wednesday by the serious illness of her sister, Mrs. Mary Lincoln. Fred Walz has begun the foundation for a new house. It will be built modern, equipped with furnace and bath. Mr. and Mrs. Dykemaster, of Waterloo, visited relative in Michigan Center, Sunday, they also called on Francisco friends. Mr. and Mrs. Peter Young and daughters, Myrta and Irene, were guests of Mrs. Mary Young, near Chelsea Thursday. Owing to the rainy weather there was only a small crowd attended the ice cream social given by the Ladies' Aid Society of St. John's church last Wednesday evening. The Gleaners met Thursday evening with Mr. and Mrs. Louis Walz. There was a good attendance and an enjoyable evening spent. Refreshments of ice cream and cake concluded the evening's entertainment.

Mrs. Mary Binder and children, of Jackson, spent part of last week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Seid. Sunday, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Haynes, of Jackson, came to spend the day, and in the evening Mrs. Binder and children accompanied them back to their home in Jackson.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS

(Official) Council Rooms, Chelsea, July 16, 1917. Council met in regular session. Meeting called to order by President Lehman. Present—Trustees Palmer, Mayer, Frymuth, Hirth. Absent—Dancer, Eppler. Minutes of previous meeting read and approved. The following bills were read by the clerk: General Fund. H. E. Cooper, 1 mo. salary \$ 70.00 G. A. R. Decoration day 25.00 Dr. G. W. Palmer, health officer 77.00 Street Fund. G. Bockres, 4 weeks 40.00 J. L. Martin, 232 hours 46.40 J. A. Conlan, team labor 203.35 Frank Leach, 25 lbs. gravel 31.25 Scheneberg Bros., ditching 12.00 Chelsea Elevator Co., lumber, tile, cement 550.06 Electric Light and Water Works Commission \$2,500.00 Moved by Frymuth, supported by Hirth, that the bills be allowed as read and orders drawn for same. Yeas—Palmer, Mayer, Frymuth, Hirth. Nays—None. Carried. Enter, Dancer. The request of M. J. Dunkel for the establishing of curb line on Summit street, curbing to be built as desired at property owners expense, was laid on the table for investigation. It was decided to gravel the road on the east corporation line in the vicinity of Henry Vickers place. Moved by Palmer, supported by Dancer, that we adjourn. Carried. Warren R. Daniels, Clerk.

DOUBLE DUTY

A Dairy Ration Has Two Main Uses—Life and Product. (National Crop Improvement Service.) A ration is divided into two parts: 1. The part needed to maintain or keep the animal alive. 2. The part needed to make stored up material like wool, fat, meat or milk. Milk is roughly in solids, one-third each casein (protein), fat and sugar. The casein in milk can only be furnished by the protein in the food. The fat and sugar may be derived from either protein, fat or carbohydrates. If a cow has the ability to give 50 pounds of milk containing two pounds of casein, and only gets enough protein to make one pound of casein, then she will only give 25 pounds of milk. A balanced ration is one that has just the exact amount of protein, fat and carbohydrates that the cow needs. Just what this is we cannot ever say exactly, because the amounts vary from week to week and no two cows are alike, nor are feeds alike. A practical ration is one that has sufficient protein and enough total food to make the greatest amount of milk without the cow losing weight. A commercially successful ration is the one that makes the most milk or profit, keeps the cow healthy and enables the use of the most roughage. All the hay and ensilage a cow can eat will keep her alive and make about 15 pounds of milk. Any more milk has to come from grain or grain feed. The farm can usually raise carbohydrates cheap in the form of hay and ensilage, and, outside of clover, peas, etc., protein can usually be bought cheaper than it can be raised. The average price of protein feeds was about \$26 to \$35 per ton before the war, but the prices are much higher now, while hay (clover) with 5 1/2 per cent digestible protein has been rated at \$10 per ton, so the protein feed at \$40 would furnish protein about the same as clover at \$10.

Notice to Taxpayers.

Village taxes can now be paid at any time at my store on East Middle street. M. A. SHAVEN, Treasurer.

DOUBT DISAPPEARS

No One in Chelsea Who Has a Bad Back Should Ignore This Double Proof. Does your back ever ache? Have you suspected your kidneys? Backache is sometimes kidney ache. With it may come dizzy spells, Sleepless nights, tired, dull days, Distressing bladder disorders. Doan's Kidney Pills have been endorsed by thousands. Are recommended here at home. You have read Chelsea proof. Read now the Chelsea sequel. Renewed testimony: tested by time. Mrs. W. D. Arnold, E. Middle St., Chelsea, says: 'I suffered greatly from dull, nagging backaches and distressing pains across my kidneys. My kidneys gave me a great deal of annoyance. I got Doan's Kidney Pills at Penn's Drug Store, and they helped me wonderfully. They banished the pains in my back and regulated my kidneys.' Over Three Years Later Mrs. Arnold said: 'My cure has been permanent and I give Doan's Kidney Pills the credit.' Price 60c. at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Arnold has twice publicly recommended. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.—Adv.

Elizabeth's Career

By KATHERINE HOWE (Copyright, 1917, by W. G. Chapman.)

"I'm sick of your nagging and jealousy!" Elizabeth Farley gave a defiant look at the young man, whose pleading, honest eyes sought to have convinced her of the reason and sincerity of his argument. "Dear, it's not meant to be nagging. It's only that I want to keep you from trouble and unhappiness. Maybe I don't put it just as you'd like it—but I mean right." "But you can't understand," she cried. "I'm determined to make something of my life. What's the use of having a talent if you don't use it. You said yourself I could act." "Yes, I did. I think you were some actress in that play we gave for the Belgian sufferers—but that's different." "O yes, it's different if you work like a slave, and give your services for charity. But I want to make my living." "You know you don't have to. I—I want to make the living for you." "Yes, Earle—I know—but I can make more than you're earning. Why lots of actresses get a hundred dollars a week." "Yes, and lots don't get more than twenty-five." "O well, if I begin at that, I'll soon show them I'm worth more." "Look here, Elizabeth! It's that actor, Winter! He's been telling you



these fairy tales, he's been trying—"Stop there!" stormed the girl. "How do you know what he has told me?" "What do you know about him?" "Well, I guess Elsie Burns knows about him! She introduced him to me." "Yes, she used to know him ten years ago, when she was just a kid." "Well, what have you to say about him?" "I don't like the look in his eyes." "That's lots isn't it?" And the girl turned angrily from him, and walked away. Earle Terry looked after her, standing still in his perplexity. His face was white and set with the agony tugging at his heart. For a year he had loved Elizabeth with all the intensity of a deep, earnest nature. Six months they had been engaged, and now this cloud threatened to burst in to a storm wrecking his hope of happiness. Elizabeth was only a trifle over eighteen, but her parents being in moderate circumstances, she had felt on leaving school, she must do something to earn her living. But an indulgent father and mother, had wished her to first enjoy her release from studies, and when Earle Terry, a teller in the one bank of the little town, began to pay her marked attentions, his suit was regarded with favor by Elizabeth's father, who knew the steady, industrious character of the young man. The charity benefit brought Elizabeth out in a new light. She did fairly well in her small role, and in judicious friends exaggerated her success. Her mind was made up to go on the stage, and the mild opposition of her parents was soon overcome. Fernleigh had one theater, and was a town of one-night stands. Soon after the benefit, as Elizabeth was walking down the main street with her chum, Elsie Burns, the latter suddenly halted before a well-groomed man of about thirty. "Basil Winter!" she exclaimed. And the two were soon in an animated conversation. "Why you were just a kiddie when I left town. How did you know me?" he asked. "O your picture is out in front of the theater—and you haven't changed so much." "Come and see me tonight. Bring your mother, and" looking at Elizabeth, "your friend." He hastily wrote out three passes to the play, and invited the two girls into a nearby restaurant for ice cream. His delectable manner, and bright, interesting talk took Elizabeth

by storm. She had never in her life met such a man. She was fascinated, and went home with her head in a whirl. He had asked them to be sure to wait for him, after the performance at the stage door, and Elizabeth in a fever of excitement dressed in the best of her limited wardrobe, and scarcely finished her dinner in her haste to go. Basil Winter, in the role of the unhappy, but noble, self-sacrificing hero, looked much handsomer than on the street. He was really a good actor, and the conquest of Elizabeth's poor little heart was complete. After the play Winter took the party to supper, and Elizabeth made known her dramatic aspirations. "Why, I think Miss Barrett is leaving us in about a week," he said. "It's only a bit, but if you'd like to try it—would you?" "Would she? Why the prospect of being where she could see him every day seemed heaven to her. She eagerly acquiesced to his proposition; and the following day it was arranged that she should join the company. It was when she had made known her decision to Earle Terry that he had tried to dissuade her from going. Elsie, quite elated over getting her friend started on her career as a real actress, was helping her to get ready. The question which had been burning on Elizabeth's lips at last came out. "Is he—married?" she asked. "I don't know. He never spoke of a wife, did he? No, I guess he isn't married," she answered. Elizabeth joined the company, Winter kindly coached her in the part, and she became more manly infatuated with him than ever. Occasionally he took her to supper after the performance, but always treated her with respect. One night she found that her room at the hotel was next to his with connecting doors. Soon after arriving at the close of the performance, she heard a woman's voice in conversation with him. Her heart beating wildly with jealousy—she listened. Indeed as the woman's voice rose louder she could not avoid hearing all that was said. "Now see here, Baz," she said, "I know you're passing yourself off as a single man; but when it comes to trying it on with me, your lawful wife, and forgetting the existence of your own kids, it's going a little too far." "How many times must I tell you," he retorted angrily. "It's business in this profession. They don't want a married man in lover leads." "That's all right, but it don't go with the kids. Danny's feet are on the ground, and Mabel's coat is so shabby she can't go out of doors, and the baby has got to have things. You promised to send me money two weeks ago, and—"

"Well, I had to have clothes for the part."

"Oh, no you didn't; you had to buy ice creams and suppers for that new set mash of yours, that little mushy fool from Fernleigh."

"Say, Mund, don't call the girl names. She may be a poor slimp, but she's decent."

"They won't call her that long if you keep on. The whole company is laughing at her Laura Jean Libby infatuation."

"That's good business!" laughed Winter. "Let the good work go on."

"Well, I want to tell you that nothing is going on till I get that money. I didn't take this trip for my health."

"All right, but you've got to be quiet, and make an early sneak."

"Say did you know Benston had his eyes on the Fernleigh girl. You'll have to divvy up with him!" And she laughed shrilly.

"I don't care. Let him take her. I suppose he'll have to, or he won't keep her in the company."

"Poor little Elizabeth! It seemed to her the room was whirling about her, and everything turning black; but she hastily packed her belongings, left a note for the manager, and rushed headlong to the station. She didn't know whether she could catch a train, but she must get as far away from her terrible experience as she could.

Late the next day she arrived at the old familiar station, wild eyed and exhausted, but glad to be home. Almost staggering under the weight of her valise, she went down the street. Suddenly someone lifted her load. "May I carry it?" asked a familiar voice. "O Earle!" was all she said. But he understood.

HOW POET QUIETED HORSE

Incident Proved British Laureate Had Something More Than a Modicum of Common Sense.

Tennyson once arrived at Haslemore station carrying a heavy parcel of books; and as his own carriage had not arrived to meet him, he was glad to accept the offer of a lift home. Going up the steep hills to Blackdown, Tennyson, with his characteristic consideration for animals, suggested that they and the books were too heavy for the pony to drag. The two men therefore got out and walked for some distance in front of the trap, until they discovered that the books had dropped out. The owner of the pony asked Tennyson to stand at the animal's head while he went back for the books. These he found a hundred yards or more down the hill, and on his return he found the pony had been restive, but had quickly become quiet. Knowing that it disliked strangers, he wondered how Tennyson had kept it quiet. What was his surprise to learn that the poet had managed the affair by holding a watch close to the animal's ear.—London Times.

Probate Order

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the probate court for said county of Washtenaw, held at the probate office in the city of Ann Arbor, on the 3rd day of July, in the year one thousand nine hundred and seventeen. Present, EMORY E. LELAND, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of John Messner, deceased. On reading and filing the duly verified petition of Charles Messner, executor, praying that a certain paper in writing, and now on file in this court, purporting to be the last will and testament of John Messner be admitted to probate, and that Charles Messner, the executor named in said will, or some other suitable person, be appointed executor thereof, and that appraisers and commissioners be appointed. It is ordered, that the 30th day of July next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said probate office be appointed for hearing said petition. And it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said time of hearing, in The Chelsea Standard, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county of Washtenaw. EMORY E. LELAND, Judge of Probate. (A true copy.) Dorcas C. Donegan, Register.

Notice to Creditors.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the probate court for said county of Washtenaw, held at the probate office in the city of Ann Arbor, on the 18th day of June, A. D. 1917, four months from that date were allowed for creditors to present their claims against the estate of Hugo Faulkner, late of said county, deceased, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said Probate Court, at the Probate office in the city of Ann Arbor, for examination and allowance, on or before the 15th day of October next, and that such claims will be heard before said Court, on the 15th day of August and on the 15th day of October next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of each of said days. Dated, Ann Arbor, June 18th, A. D. 1917. EMORY E. LELAND, Judge of Probate. (A true copy.) Dorcas C. Donegan, Register.

Order of Publication

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the probate court for said county of Washtenaw, held at the probate office in the city of Ann Arbor, on the 5th day of July, in the year one thousand nine hundred and seventeen. Present, EMORY E. LELAND, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Albert F. Vogel, incompetent. On reading and filing the petition of Edward Vogel, guardian of said estate, praying that he may be allowed to sell certain real estate described therein at private sale for the purpose of investing proceeds. It is ordered, that the 6th day of August next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said probate office be appointed for hearing said petition. And it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said time of hearing, in The Chelsea Standard a newspaper printed and circulated in said county of Washtenaw. EMORY E. LELAND, Judge of Probate. (A true copy.) Dorcas C. Donegan, Register.

Order of Publication

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the probate court for said county of Washtenaw, held at the probate office in the city of Ann Arbor, on the 5th day of July, in the year one thousand nine hundred and seventeen. Present, EMORY E. LELAND, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Charles Henry Keener, deceased. On reading and filing the petition of Clarence J. Chandler, executor of the will of said deceased, praying that he may be permitted to sell certain real estate described therein at private sale for the purpose of distribution. It is ordered, that the 6th day of August next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said Probate Office be appointed for hearing said petition. And it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said time of hearing, in The Chelsea Standard a newspaper printed and circulated in said county of Washtenaw. EMORY E. LELAND, Judge of Probate. (A true copy.) Dorcas C. Donegan, Register.

Order of Publication

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the probate court for said county of Washtenaw, held at the probate office in the city of Ann Arbor, on the 10th day of July, in the year one thousand nine hundred and seventeen. Present, EMORY E. LELAND, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Cleonora Whitaker, incompetent. D. E. Beach, guardian, of said estate having filed in this court his annual account, and praying that the same may be heard and allowed. It is ordered, that the 13th day of August next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said probate office be appointed for hearing said account. And it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said time of hearing, in The Chelsea Standard a newspaper printed and circulated in said county of Washtenaw. EMORY E. LELAND, Judge of Probate. (A true copy.) Dorcas C. Donegan, Register.

Detroit United Lines

Between Jackson, Chelsea, Ann Arbor, Ypsilanti and Detroit. Eastern Standard Time. LIMITED CARS. For Detroit 8:45 a. m. and every two hours to 8:25 p. m. For Kalamazoo 9:30 a. m. and every two hours to 7:30 p. m. For Lansing 9:30 p. m. EXPRESS CARS. East Bound—7:30 a. m. and every two hours to 5:24 p. m. West Bound—10:20 a. m. and every two hours to 8:20 p. m. Express cars make local stops west of Ann Arbor. LOCAL CARS. East Bound—6:30 a. m., 8:30 p. m. and 10:30 p. m. To Ypsilanti only, 12:51 a. m. West Bound—6:30 a. m., 8:30 p. m., 10:30 p. m. and 12:51 a. m. Cars connect at Ypsilanti for Saline and at Wayne for Plymouth and Northville.

Chelsea Greenhouses

CUT FLOWERS. POTTED PLANTS. FUNERAL DESIGNS. Elvira Clark-Visel. Phone 180-F21. FLORIST.

The National III.

Many people are handicapping themselves in the great struggle of life by wrong habits of eating. Over-eating, by causing chronic food poisoning of the system, breaks the brain, steals away our energy and makes toward failure. Auto-intoxication (Food Poisoning) is the title of the leading article in The Hygienist Magazine for July. Purchase a copy for your newstand, or send 10c to The Hygienist Publishing Co., Majestic Building, Denver, Colo.—Adv.

LEGAL PRINTING—The Standard requests its patrons who have business with the Probate Office to ask the Judge of Probate to order the printing sent to this office.